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(54) Title: PURIFIED PH NEUTRAL RHIZOCTONIA LACCASES AND NUCLEIC ACIDS ENCODING SAME

(57) Abstract

The present invention relates to isolated nucleic acid fragments containing a sequence encoding a Rhizoctonia solani laccase having optimum activity at a neutral or basic pH, and the laccase proteins encoded thereby.

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# PURIFIED PH NEUTRAL RHIZOCTONIA LACCASES AND NUCLEIC ACIDS ENCODING SAME

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#### Related Applications

This application is a continuation-in-part of copending U.S. Serial Nos. 08/122,230, 08/122,827, and 08/162,827, the contents of which are incorporated by reference in their entirety.

#### Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to isolated nucleic acid fragments encoding a fungal oxidoreductase enzyme and the purified enzymes produced thereby. More particularly, the invention relates to nucleic acid fragments encoding a phenol oxidase, specifically a laccase, which functions at a neutral pH.

#### 20 Background of the Invention

Laccases (benzenediol:oxygen oxidoreductases) are multi-copper containing enzymes that catalyze the oxidation of phenolics. Laccase-mediated oxidations result in the production of aryloxy-radical intermediates from suitable phenolic substrate; the ultimate coupling of the intermediates so produced provides a combination of dimeric, oligomeric, and polymeric reaction products. Such reactions are important in nature in biosynthetic pathways which lead to the formation of melanin, alkaloids, toxins, lignins, and humic acids. Laccases are produced by a wide variety of fungi, including ascomycetes such as Aspergillus, Neurospora, and Podospora, the deuteromycete Botrytis, and

basidiomycetes such as Collybia, Fomes, Lentinus, Pleurotus, Trametes, and perfect forms of Rhizoctonia. Laccase exhibits a wide range of substrate specificity, and each different fungal laccase usually differs only quantitatively from others in its ability to oxidize phenolic substrates. Because of the substrate diversity, laccases generally have found many potential industrial applications. Among these are lignin modification, paper strengthening, dye transfer inhibition in detergents, phenol polymerization, juice manufacture, phenol resin production, and waste water treatment.

Although the catalytic capabilities are similar, laccases made by different fungal species do have different temperature and pH optima, and these may also differ 15 depending on the specific substrate. A number of these fungal laccases have been isolated, and the genes for several of these have been cloned. For example, Choi et al. (Mol. Plant-Microbe Interactions 5: 119-128, 1992) describe the molecular characterization and cloning of the gene encoding the laccase of the chestnut blight fungus, Cryphonectria parasitica. Kojima et al. (J. Biol. Chem. 265: 15224-15230, 1990; JP 2-238885) provide a description of two allelic forms of the laccase of the white-rot basidiomycete Coriolus hirsutus. Germann and Lerch 25 (Experientia <u>41</u>: 801,1985; PNAS USA <u>83</u>: 8854-8858, 1986) have reported the cloning and partial sequencing of the Neurospora crassa laccase gene. Saloheimo et al. (J. Gen. Microbiol. <u>137:</u> 1537-1544, 1985; WO 92/01046) have disclosed a structural analysis of the laccase gene from the However, virtually all of the 30 fungus Phlebia radiata. known fungal laccases function best at acidic pHs (e.g., between pH 3.0 and 6.0), and are typically inactive at

neutral or basic pHs. Since a number of the aforestated potential industrial methods are preferentially conducted at neutral or basic pH, most fungal laccases perform poorly in such methods. Thus, the available fungal laccases are inadequate for application in a number of important commercial methods.

An exception to this rule is the extracellular laccase produced by certain species of Rhizoctonia. Bollag et al. have reported a laccase with a pH optimum of about 7.0 10 produced by Rhizoctonia praticola. A laccase of this type would be far more useful in industrial methods requiring neutral pH than previously known laccases. However, the R. praticola enzyme was neither purified nor further characterized, nor, to date, has any other laccase having 15 this trait been purified or characterized. Moreover, although other laccase genes have been isolated, as described above, these have been genes encoding enzymes which function best at acidic pH. Recombinant production and commercially adequate yields of a pH neutral or basic 20 laccase have thus been unattainable due to the fact that neither the enzyme per se nor the laccase gene encoding such an enzyme has previously been isolated and/or purified and The present invention now provides a solution to sequenced. each of these problems.

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#### Summary of the Invention

The present invention relates to an isolated nucleic acid fragment comprising a nucleic acid sequence encoding a Rhizoctonia laccase which functions optimally at a pH between 6.0 to 8.5. By "functioning optimally" is meant that the enzyme exhibits significant(i.e., at least about 30% of maximum, preferably at least about 50%, and most

preferably from 50% to maximum) activity within the pH range of between about 6.0-8.5, as determined by activity in one or more standard laccase assays for substrates such as the syringaldazine, ABTS, 2,6-dimethoxyphenol, or 4

5 antiaminopyrine + N-ethyl-N-sulfobutyl-m-toluidine. A preferred substrate for the laccases of the present invention is syringaldazine. In a preferred embodiment, the laccase is a Rhizoctonia solani laccase. The invention also relates to a substantially pure laccase encoded by the novel nucleic acid sequence. By "substantially pure" is meant a laccase which is essentially (i.e.,≥90%) free of other non-laccase proteins.

In order to facilitate production of the novel laccase, the invention also provides vectors and host cells

comprising the claimed nucleic acid fragment, which vectors and host cells are useful in recombinant production of the laccase. The nucleic acid fragment is operably linked to transcription and translation signals capable of directing expression of the laccase protein in the host cell of

choice. A preferred host cell is a fungal cell, most preferably of the genus Aspergillus. Recombinant production of the laccase of the invention is achieved by culturing a host cell transformed or transfected with the nucleic acid fragment of the invention, or progeny thereof, under

conditions suitable for expression of the laccase protein, and recovering the laccase protein from the culture.

The laccases of the present invention are useful in a number of industrial processes in which oxidation of phenolics is required. These processes include lignin
30 manipulation, juice manufacture, phenol polymerization and phenol resin production. In a preferred embodiment, the

enzyme of the invention is used in a process requiring a neutral or somewhat basic pH for greatest efficiency.

#### Brief Description of the Figures

Figure 1 illustrates the nucleotide and amino acid sequence of RSlac1. Lower case letters in the nucleotide sequence indicate the position of introns.

Figure 2 illustrates the nucleotide and amino acid sequence of RSlac2. Lower case letters in the nucleotide sequence indicate the position of introns.

Figure 3 illustrates a restriction map of the plasmid pMWR-1.

Figure 4 illustrates the nucleotide and amino acid sequence of the translated region of RSlac3.

Figure 5 illustrates the syringaldazine oxidase activity of RSlac1 (90mM buffer, 20 µM syringaldazine, 20°C).

Figure 6 illustrates the syringaldazine oxidase activity of RSlac2 (93mM buffer, 20 µM syringaldazine, 20 20°C).

## Detailed Description of the Invention

Certain species of the genus *Rhizoctonia* have been reported as producing laccase; therefore, an initial search focused on identifying the presence of these enzymes in various *Rhizoctonia solani* isolates. Samples are cultured and the supernatants periodically analyzed for the presence of laccase by the ABTS method, described below. Laccase is observed in all the *Rhizoctonia* cultures. Harvested laccases are electrophoretically separated and stained with ABTS. One isolate, RS22, produces a laccase with a basic pI, and is selected for further study.

The remaining studies focus on purification and characterization of the enzyme from RS22. Briefly, the fermentation broth is filtered and concentrated by UF with a membrane cut off of about 10,000. A first ion exchange chromatography step is conducted at pH 4.5 in acetate buffer, with step elution using NaCl. The eluate is then ultrafiltered and rechromatographed, and eluted with a NaCl gradient. Active fractions are pooled for further study.

The intact protein thus isolated and purified (hereinafter referred to as RSlac3) is first subjected to partial sequencing, and the N-terminal sequence obtained is as follows:

AVRNYKFDIKNVNVAPDGFQRPIVSV (SEQ. ID. NO.: 5)

The protein is further subjected to digestion with a

lysine- or glutamic-acid specific protease, and additional
peptides obtained from the protein have the following
sequences, which can be aligned with sequences in Coriolus
hirsutus:

Peptide 1:

20 SQYVDGLRGPLVIYDPDDDH (SEQ. ID. NO: 6)

Peptide 2:

GLALVFAEAPSQIRQGVQSVQPDDA (SEQ. ID. NO.: 7)

Peptide 3:

SRYBVBBASTVVMLEBWYHTPAXVLE (SEQ. ID. NO. 8)

25 Peptide 4:

SLGPTPNYVNPXIRDVVRVGGTTVV (SEQ. ID. NO. 9)
The following peptides are also found, but do not correspond to *Coriolus* sequences

Peptide 5:

30 IRYVGGPAVX(N?)RSVI (SEQ. ID. NO.: 10)

Peptide 6:

ILANPA (SEQ. ID. NO.: 11)

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Peptide 7:

YEAPSLPT (SEQ. ID. NO.: 12) In the above sequences, B designates a residue which is either aspartic acid or asparagine, and X designates 5 unidentified residues.

In order to initiate screening for a Rhizoctonia laccase gene, an R. solani genomic library is prepared. Total DNA is partially digested with restriction enzyme Sau3A, and electrophoresed in an agarose gel to isolate DNA 10 fragments between 8 and 21 kb in size. The fractionated fragments are ligated to  $\lambda$  phage EMBL3 arms with BamHI ends, and the resulting phage packaged in vitro. These phage are used as a library to create a library of 170,000 plaques in E. coli and amplified 100-fold for future use.

In order to develop probes for isolation of the R. solani laccase gene, the protein sequences of five known laccases are analyzed to determine consensus sequences, and two degenerate oligonucleotides constructed based on observed consensus sequences (Choi et al. supra; Germann and 20 Lerch, supra; Saloheimo et al, supra, Kojima et al, supra). These oligos are mixed with R. solani genomic DNA and a DNA fragment of 220 nucleotide fragment is amplified using a tag polymerase chain reaction (PCR). The 220-nucleotide fragment is then cloned into plasmid vector.

The PCR fragment is used as a probe to screen 25,000 25 plaques from the amplified genomic library. Positive clones from this screen fall into two classes that are subsequently shown, by DNA sequence analysis, to code for two different laccase genes, RSlac1 and RSlac2. The nucleotide sequence 30 for each of these genes (SEQ ID. NOS.: 1 and 3), and the predicted amino acid sequence for each protein (SEQ. ID. NOS.: 2 and 4), are presented in, respectively, Figures 1

and 2. The homology between the two sequences is approximately 63%. Compared to known laccase sequences from Coriolus hirsutus, Phlebia radiata, Aspergillus nidulans, Cryphonectria parasitica, and Neurospora crassa, the RS laccases show between about 30-40% homology. Each of the two coding sequences is cloned into an expression vector operably linked to Aspergillus oryzae taka-amylase transcription and translation signals (See Figure 3). Each of the two laccase expression vectors is transformed into an Aspergillus oryzae and Aspergillus niger host cell, and the host cells screened for the presence of laccase.

For isolation of the RSlac3 gene, polyA RNA is purified from R. solani mycelia grown in the presence of anisidine. The RNA is used as a template for cDNA synthesis. 15 is fractionated and fragments between 1.7-3.5 kb collected, and a cDNA library created by cloning the fractionated DNA into a yeast vector. 3000 transformants from this library are screened on ABTS. After 24 hours, a single colony appears positive. The plasmid from the colony is isolated 20 and the insert sequenced. Portions of the predicted amino acid sequence correspond with the sequences of the fragments obtained from RS 22, described supra. The complete nucleotide and amino acid sequences are depicted in Figure 4, and in SEQ. ID. NOS.: 13 and 14, respectively. RSlac3 25 shows 48% homology with RSlac1 and 50% homology with RSlac2. RSlac3 also shows 48% homology with the Coriolus hirsutus laccase gene.

According to the invention, a *Rhizoctonia* gene encoding a pH neutral or basic laccase can be obtained by methods described above, or any alternative methods known in the art, using the information provided herein. The gene can be expressed, in active form, using an expression

vector. A useful expression vector contains an element that permits stable integration of the vector into the host cell genome or autonomous replication of the vector in a host cell independent of the genome of the host cell, and 5 preferably one or more phenotypic markers which permit easy selection of transformed host cells. The expression vector may also include control sequences encoding a promoter, ribosome binding site, translation initiation signal, and, optionally, a repressor gene or various activator genes. To 10 permit the secretion of the expressed protein, nucleotides encoding a signal sequence may be inserted prior to the coding sequence of the gene. For expression under the direction of control sequences, a laccase gene to be treated according to the invention is operably linked to the 15 control sequences in the proper reading frame. Promoter sequences that can be incorporated into plasmid vectors, and which can direct the transcription of the laccase gene, include but are not limited to the prokaryotic ß-lactamase promoter (Villa-Kamaroff, et al., 1978, Proc. Natl. Acad. 20 Sci. U.S.A. 75:3727-3731) and the tac promoter (DeBoer, et al., 1983, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 80:21-25). Further references can also be found in "Useful proteins from recombinant bacteria" in Scientific American, 1980, 242:74-94; and in Sambrook et al., Molecular Cloning, 1989.

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The expression vector carrying the DNA construct of the invention may be any vector which may conveniently be subjected to recombinant DNA procedures, and the choice of vector will typically depend on the host cell into which it is to be introduced. Thus, the vector may be an autonomously replicating vector, i.e. a vector which exists as an extrachromosomal entity, the replication of which is

independent of chromosomal replication, e.g. a plasmid, or an extrachromosomal element, minichromosome or an artificial chromosome. Alternatively, the vector may be one which, when introduced into a host cell, is integrated into the host cell genome and replicated together with the chromosome(s) into which it has been integrated.

In the vector, the DNA sequence should be operably connected to a suitable promoter sequence. The promoter may 10 be any DNA sequence which shows transcriptional activity in the host cell of choice and may be derived from genes encoding proteins either homologous or heterologous to the host cell. Examples of suitable promoters for directing the transcription of the DNA construct of the invention, 15 especially in a bacterial host, are the promoter of the lac operon of E.coli, the Streptomyces coelicolor agarase gene dagA promoters, the promoters of the Bacillus licheniformis α-amylase gene (amyL), the promoters of the Bacillus stearothermophilus maltogenic amylase gene (amyM), the 20 promoters of the Bacillus amyloliquefaciens  $\alpha$ -amylase (amyQ), or the promoters of the Bacillus subtilis xylA and xylB genes. In a yeast host, a useful promoter is the eno-1 promoter. For transcription in a fungal host, examples of useful promoters are those derived from the gene encoding A. 25 oryzae TAKA amylase, Rhizomucor miehei aspartic proteinase, A. niger neutral  $\alpha$ -amylase, A. niger acid stable  $\alpha$ -amylase, A. niger or A. awamsii glucoamylase (gluA), Rhizomucor miehei lipase, A. oryzae alkaline protease, A. oryzae triose phosphate isomerase or A. nidulans acetamidase. Preferred 30 are the TAKA-amylase and gluA promoters.

The expression vector of the invention may also comprise a suitable transcription terminator and, in eukaryotes, polyadenylation sequences operably connected to the DNA sequence encoding the laccase of the invention.

Termination and polyadenylation sequences may suitably be derived from the same sources as the promoter. The vector may further comprise a DNA sequence enabling the vector to replicate in the host cell in question. Examples of such sequences are the origins of replication of plasmids pUC19, pACYC177, pUB110, pE194, pAMB1 and pIJ702.

The vector may also comprise a selectable marker, e.g. a gene the product of which complements a defect in the host cell, such as the dal genes from B.subtilis or B.li
15 cheniformis, or one which confers antibiotic resistance such as ampicillin, kanamycin, chloramphenicol or tetracycline resistance. Examples of Aspergillus selection markers include amds, pyrG, argB, niaD and sC, a marker giving rise to hygromycin resistance. Preferred for use in an

20 Aspergillus host cell are the amds and pyrG markers of A. nidulans or A. oryzae. A frequently used mammalian marker is the dihydrofolate reductase (DHFR) gene. Furthermore, selection may be accomplished by co-transformation, e.g. as described in WO 91/17243.

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It is generally preferred that the expression is extracellular. The laccases of the present invention may thus comprise a preregion permitting secretion of the expressed protein into the culture medium. If desirable, this preregion may be native to the laccase of the invention or substituted with a different preregion or signal sequence, conveniently accomplished by substitution of the

DNA sequences encoding the respective preregions. For example, the preregion may be derived from a glucoamylase or an amylase gene from an Aspergillus species, an amylase gene from a Bacillus species, a lipase or proteinase gene from Rhizomucor miehei, the gene for the \$\alpha\$-factor from saccharomyces cerevisiae or the calf prochymosin gene. Particularly preferred, when the host is a fungal cell, is the preregion for \$A\$. oryzae TAKA amylase, \$A\$. niger neutral amylase, the maltogenic amylase form Bacillus NCIB 11837, \$B\$. stearothermophilus \$\alpha\$-amylase, or Bacillus licheniformis subtilisin. An effective signal sequence is the \$A\$. oryzae TAKA amylase signal, the Rhizomucor miehei aspartic proteinase signal and the Rhizomucor miehei lipase signal.

The procedures used to ligate the DNA construct of the invention, the promoter, terminator and other elements, respectively, and to insert them into suitable vectors containing the information necessary for replication, are well known to persons skilled in the art (cf., for instance, Sambrook et al. Molecular Cloning, 1989).

The cell of the invention either comprising a DNA construct or an expression vector of the invention as defined above is advantageously used as a host cell in the recombinant production of a enzyme of the invention. The cell may be transformed with the DNA construct of the invention, conveniently by integrating the DNA construct in the host chromosome. This integration is generally considered to be an advantage as the DNA sequence is more likely to be stably maintained in the cell. Integration of the DNA constructs into the host chromosome may be performed

according to conventional methods, e.g. by homologous or heterologous recombination. Alternatively, the cell may be transformed with an expression vector as described above in connection with the different types of host cells.

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The host cell may be selected from prokaryotic cells, such as bacterial cells. Examples of suitable bacteria are gram positive bacteria such as Bacillus subtilis, Bacillus licheniformis, Bacillus lentus, Bacillus brevis, Bacillus stearothermophilus, Bacillus alkalophilus, Bacillus amyloliquefaciens, Bacillus coagulans, Bacillus circulans, Bacillus lautus, Bacillus megaterium, Bacillus thuringiensis, or Streptomyces lividans or Streptomyces murinus, or gram negative bacteria such as E.coli. The transformation of the bacteria may for instance be effected by protoplast transformation or by using competent cells in a manner known per se.

The host cell may also be a eukaryote, such as mammalian cells, insect cells, plant cells or preferably fungal cells, including yeast and filamentous fungi. For example, useful mammalian cells include CHO or COS cells. A yeast host cell may be selected from a species of Saccharomyces or Schizosaccharomyces, e.g. Saccharomyces cerevisiae. Useful filamentous fungi may selected from a species of Aspergillus, e.g. Aspergillus oryzae or Aspergillus niger. Alternatively, a strain of a Fusarium species, e.g. F. oxysporum, can be used as a host cell. Fungal cells may be transformed by a process involving protoplast formation and transformation of the protoplasts followed by regeneration of the cell wall in a manner known per se. A suitable procedure for transformation of Aspergillus host cells is described in EP 238 023. A suitable method of

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transforming Fusarium species is described by Malardier et al., 1989.

The present invention thus provides a method of producing a recombinant laccase of the invention, which 5 method comprises cultivating a host cell as described above under conditions conducive to the production of the enzyme and recovering the enzyme from the cells and/or culture The medium used to cultivate the cells may be any medium. conventional medium suitable for growing the host cell in 10 question and obtaining expression of the laccase of the invention. Suitable media are available from commercial suppliers or may be prepared according to published formulae (e.g. in catalogues of the American Type Culture Collection).

The resulting enzyme may be recovered from the medium by conventional procedures including separating the cells from the medium by centrifugation or filtration, precipitating the proteinaceous components of the supernatant or filtrate by means of a salt, e.g. ammonium sulphate, followed 20 by purification by a variety of chromatographic procedures, e.g. ion exchange chromatography, gel filtration chromatography, affinity chromatography, or the like. Preferably, the isolated protein is about 90% pure as determined by SDS-PAGE, purity being most important in food, 25 juice or detergent applications.

In a particularly preferred embodiment, the expression of laccase is achieved in a fungal host cell, such as Aspergillus. As described in detail in the following examples, the laccase gene is ligated into a plasmid 30 containing the Aspergillus oryzae TAKA  $\alpha$ -amylase promoter, and the Aspergillus nidulans amdS selectable marker. Alternatively, the amdS may be on a separate plasmid and

used in co-transformation. The plasmid (or plasmids) is used to transform an Aspergillus species host cell, such as A. oryzae or A. niger in accordance with methods described in Yelton et al. (PNAS USA 81: 1470-1474,1984).

Those skilled in the art will recognize that the invention is not limited to use of the nucleic acid fragments specifically disclosed herein, for example, in Figures 1 and 2. It will be apparent that the invention also encompasses those nucleotide sequences that encode the same amino acid sequences as depicted in Figures 1, 2 and 3, but which differ from those specifically depicted nucleotide sequences by virtue of the degeneracy of the genetic code. In addition, the invention also encompasses other nucleotide fragments, and the proteins encoded thereby, which encode laccase proteins having substantially the same pH optimum as those of Rhizoctonia solani, and which show a significant level of homology with the Rhizoctonia solani amino acid sequence. For example, the present data show that more than one species of Rhizoctonia produces a laccase with the desired pH profile; it is therefore expected that other Rhizoctonia species also produce similar laccases and therefore, using the technology described herein, can be used as a source for genes within the scope of the claimed invention. As also shown in the present examples, not only 25 is there more than one nucleotide and amino acid sequence that encodes a laccase with the required characteristics, there is also considerable variation tolerated within the sequence while still producing a functional enzyme. Therefore, the invention also encompasses any variant 30 nucleotide sequence, and the protein encoded thereby, which protein retains at least about an 80% homology with one or the other of the amino acid sequences depicted in Figures 1,

2 and 3, and retains both the laccase and pH optimum activity of the sequences described herein. In particular, variants which retain a high level(i.e., ≥ 80%) of homology at highly conserved regions of the *Rhizoctonia* laccase are contemplated. Such regions are identified as residues 458-469 in RSLAC1, and 478-489 in RSLAC2; and residues 131-144 in RSLAC1 and 132-145 in RSLAC2.

Useful variants within the categories defined above include, for example, ones in which conservative amino acid 10 substitutions have been made, which substitutions do not significantly affect the activity of the protein. By conservative substitution is meant that amino acids of the same class may be substituted by any other of that class. For example, the nonpolar aliphatic residues Ala, Val, Leu, 15 and Ile may be interchanged, as may be the basic residues Lys and Arg, or the acidic residues Asp and Glu. Similarly, Ser and Thr are conservative substitutions for each other, as are Asn and Gln. It will be apparent to the skilled artisan that such substitutions can be made outside the 20 regions critical to the function of the molecule and still result in an active enzyme. Retention of the desired activity can readily be determined by conducting a standard ABTS oxidation method in 0.1M sodium phosphate at pH 7.0.

The protein can be used in number of different
industrial processes; although the enzyme is also functional
to some extent at lower pH, the R. solani laccase is most
beneficially used in processes that are usually conducted at
a neutral or alkaline pH, since other laccases are not
active in this pH range. These processes include
polymerization of lignin, both Kraft and lignosulfates, in
solution, in order to produce a lignin with a higher
molecular weight. A neutral/alkaline laccase is a

particular advantage in that Kraft lignin is more soluble at higher pHs. Such methods are described in, for example, Jin et al., Holzforschung 45(6): 467-468, 1991; US Patent No. 4,432,921; EP 0 275 544; PCT/DK93/00217, 1992.

The laccase of the present invention can also be used for in-situ depolymerization of lignin in Kraft pulp, thereby producing a pulp with lower lignin content. This use of laccase is an improvement over the current use of chlorine for depolymerization of lignin, which leads to the production of chlorinated aromatic compounds, which are an environmentally undesirable by-product of paper mills. Such uses are described in, for example, Current opinion in Biotechnology 3: 261-266, 1992; J. Biotechnol. 25: 333-339, 1992; Hiroi et al., Svensk papperstidning 5: 162-166, 1976.

Since the environment in a paper mill is typically alkaline, the present laccase is more useful for this purpose than other known laccases, which function best under acidic conditions.

Oxidation of dyes and other chromophoric compounds
leads to decolorization of the compounds. Laccase can be
used for this purpose, which can be particularly
advantageous in a situation in which a dye transfer between
fabrics is undesirable, e.g., in the textile industry and in
the detergent industry. Methods for dye transfer inhibition
and dye oxidation can be found in WO 92/01406, WO 92/18683,
EP 0495836 and Calvo, Mededelingen van de Faculteit
Landbouw-wetenschappen/Rijiksuniversitet Gent.56: 1565-1567,
1991.

The present laccase can also be used for the
polymerization of phenolic compounds present in liquids. An
example of such utility is the treatment of juices, such as
apple juice, so that the laccase will accelerate a

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precipitation of the phenolic compounds present in the juice, thereby producing a more stable juice. Such applications have been described in Stutz, Fruit processing 7/93, 248-252, 1993; Maier et al., Dt. Lebensmittel-5 rindschau <u>86(5)</u>: 137-142, 1990; Dietrich et al., Fluss. Obst 57(2): 67-73, 1990. The invention is further illustrated by the following non-limiting examples.

#### **EXAMPLES**

1. Purification and characterization of R. solani laccase

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Individual isolates of R. solani cultured on potato dextrose agar (Difco) are examined for laccase enzyme formation by transferring a small piece of agar containing vigorous growth to 100 ml CFM ( 24.0 g potato dextrose broth, 3.0 g yeast extract, 1.0 ml Microelement solution 15 [0.80 g  $KH_2PO_4$ , 0.64 g  $CuSO_4 \cdot 5H_2O$ , 0.11 g  $FeSO_4 \cdot 7H_2O$ , 0.80 g  $MnCl_2 \cdot 4H_2O$ , 0.15 g  $ZnSO_4 \cdot 7H_2O$ , distilled water to 1000 ml], distilled water to 1000 ml) in a 500 ml shake flask. Incubation is at room temperature, at 200 rpm on an orbital shaker.

Samples are harvested at 50, 74, 122 and 170 hours, 20 centrifuged and the clear supernatant analyzed for laccase with its ABTS (ABTS= 2,2'-azinobis (3 ethylbenzothiazoline-6-sulfonic acid). The analysis is carried out by adding 200 ul of 2mM ABTS in 0.1 M phosphate buffer, pH 7, and observing the change in absorbance at 418 nm after 30 minutes incubation at room temperature (approximately 23-25° This method is modified from a peroxidase analysis method described by Pütter and Becker (Peroxidases, in: Bergmeyer, H.U.(ed.), Methods of Enzymatic Analysis, 3rd 30 ed., Vol.III, pp.286-293, 1983)

Each of the laccases harvested at 172 hours is electrophoretically separated and stained with ABTS as

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chromogen. Several distinct patterns emerge; the strain RS 22 is shown to produce a laccase having a basic pI, and is chosen for further characterization.

Laccase activity is also determinable by the 5 syringaldazine method. Laccase catalyzes the oxidation of syringaldazine to tetramethoxy azo bis-methylene quinone under aerobic conditions, with a change of color from yellow to violet. 3000 µl of 25 mM acetate buffer (containing 10mg/l cuprisulfate, 5 H<sub>2</sub>O) at pH 5.5, 30°C, is mixed in a 1

10 cm cuvette with 225  $\mu$ l 0.28 mM syringaldazine (5mg solubilized in 25 ml ethanol and adjusted to 50 ml with demineralized water). The mixture is then mixed with 100  $\mu$ l of a laccase dilution (diluted in acetate buffer so that the increase in absorbance ( $\Delta$ OD) is within the range of 0.1-0.6).

15 The reaction mixture is placed in a 30°C thermostated spectrophotometer and the reaction is followed at 530 nm for 10 to 70 seconds from the addition of laccase. The activity of the enzyme is calculated as  $\Delta OD/minute \times 0.677 \times dilution$ factor, and is expressed as LACU.

For purification of the Rhizoctonia laccase, 2.1 liter of culture medium with a LACU activity of 0.19 LACU/ml is filtered through a 10  $\mu m$  filter and concentrated to 230 ml by ultrafiltration using a Filtron Minisette OMEGA membrane with a cutoff value of 10 kDa. The pH of the sample is 5.3 25 and the activity of the concentrated sample is determined to be 3.34 LACU/ml.

After pH adjustment to 4.5 and filtration due to slight precipitation, the sample is applied to a 40 ml S Sepharose Fast Flow column equilibrated with 20mM acetate buffer at pH 30 4.5 (buffer A). The column is washed in buffer A and eluted with buffer A containing 1 M NaCl. Active fractions are collected and pooled. This active pool is concentrated and

buffer exchanged to buffer A using an Amicon ultrafiltration unit equipped with a Diaflo YM10 membrane. This sample is rechromatographed on a 5 ml S Sepharose High Performance column using the method described above except that elution is carried out with a linear gradient over 30 column volumes from buffer A to buffer A containing 0.5 M NaCl. The fractions from this purification exhibiting highest activity are pooled. Approximately 45 mg laccase are obtained, when protein concentration is estimated by one absorption unit at A280 nm equal to lmg/ml. The protein is >90% pure as judged by SDS-PAGE. The molecular weight estimated by SDS-PAGE is approximately 67 kDa. The specific activity of the purified protein is 1 LACU/mg. The pH profile of the purified protein, using syringaldazine as substrate is show in Table 1, below.

#### Table 1.

|    | DH         | 5   | 6  | 7   | 8  |
|----|------------|-----|----|-----|----|
| 20 | % activity | 0.5 | 31 | 100 | 59 |

For sequencing of the protein, peptides are generated using wither a lysine-specific protease from Achromobacter (Achromobacter protease I) or a glutamic acid specific protease from Bacillus licheniformes. The peptides are purified by reverse phase HPLC employing linear gradients of 80% 2-propanol containing 0.08% aqueous TFA (solvent B) in 0.1% aqueous TFA (solvent A).

N-terminal amino acid sequence analysis of the intact
protein and of purified peptides are carried out in an
Applied Biosystems 473A protein sequencer according to the
manufacturer's instructions. Initial partial sequencing of

the isolated protein yields the following N-terminal sequence:

AVRNYKFDIKNVNVAPDGFQRPIVSV (SEQ. ID. NO.: 5)

The protein is then digested with either a lysine- or glutamic-acid specific protease, and following additional peptides identified. Peptides 1-4 can be aligned with sequences in the laccase of *Coriolus hirsutus*:

Peptide 1:

SQYVDGLRGPLVIYDPDDDH (SEQ. ID. NO: 6)

10 Peptide 2:

GLALVFAEAPSQIRQGVQSVQPDDA (SEQ. ID. NO.: 7)

Peptide 3:

SRYBVBBASTVVMLEBWYHTPAXVLE (SEQ. ID. NO. 8)

Peptide 4:

15 SLGPTPNYVNPXIRDVVRVGGTTVV (SEQ. ID. NO. 9)

Peptide 5:

IRYVGGPAVX(N?)RSVI (SEQ. ID. NO.: 10)

Peptide 6:

ILANPA (SEQ. ID. NO.: 11)

20 Peptide 7:

YEAPSLPT (SEQ. ID. NO.: 12)

An X in the above sequences designates an unidentified residue, and B represents a residue which is either aspartic acid or asparagine.

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# 2. Isolation of R. solani laccase gene

A study of the known amino acid sequences of fungal laccases obtained from non-Rhizoctonia species (Choi et al., supra; German et al., supra; Saloheimo et al. supra; and Kojima et al, supra) is conducted to determine the presence of consensus sequences among them. Two regions of high identity, IHWHGFFQ and TFWYHSH, are found near the amino

terminal third of the protein. Based on these consensus sequences and the corresponding DNA sequences, three degenerate oligonucleotides, O-lac2

[TGG/AAAGACCATA/GGTGTCG/AGTA/G], its complement O-lac2r, and O-lac3[ATCCAT/CTGGCAT/CGGG/CA/TTCTTCCAG/A], are synthesized using an Applied Biosystems 394 DNA/RNA synthesizer.

The synthesized oligos are used in a polymerase chain reaction (PCR) to screen Rhizoctonia solani genomic DNA for a laccase gene or fragment thereof. For amplifications of genomic DNA, 0.5 µg of genomic DNA is incubated with 1µM of each primer, 200µM of dNTPs, and 1 U taq polymerase (Boehringer Mannheim) in [10 mM Tris-Cl, 1.5 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 50 mM KCl, 1 mg/ml gelatine;pH 8.3]. The reactions are incubated for 1x5 minutes at 95°C, 30x[1 minute at 95°C, 1 minute at 50-60°C, 1 minute at 72°C], and 1x5 minutes at 72°C. The PCR reactions amplify a DNA fragment of 220 nucleotides. The PCR product is cloned, according to manufacturer's directions, into the TA cloning vector (InVitrogen Corp.). Characterization of the PCR product by DNA sequencing of individual clones distinguishes two separate laccase genes designated RSlacl and RSlac2.

To prepare a R. solani genomic library, R. solani DNA is partially digested with restriction enzyme Sau3A, and electrophoresed through a 0.8% Sea Plaque Agarose (FMC Bioproducts) in a Tris/Acetate/EDTA buffer to isolate those DNA fragments between 8.0 an 21 kb in size. The gel fractionated fragments are further purified with Beta-Agarase (New England Biolabs) according to manufacturer's instruction, and then ligated to lambda phage EMBL3 arms with BamHI ends. The resulting phages are packaged in vitro using Gigapack II packaging extract (Stratagene). 25 ml of TB media+0.2% maltose and 10 MgSO4 is inoculated into a 50 μl

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aliquot of an overnight culture of E. coli K802 (supE, hsdR, gal, metB) and incubated at 37°C with shaking until the A600=0.5. 25  $\mu$ l of a 1:10 and 1:50 dilution of the packaged phage are mixed with 250  $\mu$ l of the K802 cells, and incubated 5 for 20 minutes at 37°C. To each dilution, 5  $\mu$ l of melted top agar at 48°C are added. The mix is then plated onto prewarmed LB plates and incubated at 37°C for at least 12 hours. From these phage, a library of 170,000 plaques in E.coli K802 is created and amplified 100-fold for future use.

To screen for the laccase gene, 25,000 plaques from the amplified genomic library are plated onto NZY/agarose plates for plaque lifts using conventional methods. Filters are screened using the 220 nucleotide PCR fragment randomly labelled to  $5x10^8$  cpm/ $\mu$ g as a probe. Filters are hybridized in 50% formamide, 6xSSC for 16 hours at 42°C and washed with 0.5xSSC, 0.1% SDS at 65°C. Positive clones are picked and rescreened using conventional methods. The nine positive clones identified fell into two classes that by DNA sequence 20 analysis are shown to code for two different laccase genes, RSlac1 and RSlac2. The complete nucleotide sequence of each of these genes is determined using fluorescent nucleotides and an Applied Biosystems automatic DNA sequencer (Model 363A, version 1.2.0). The nucleotide and predicted amino 25 acid sequences are depicted in Figures 1 and 2.

For isolation of RSlac3, poly A RNA purified from R. solani mycelia grown in the presence of 1 mM anisidine is used as a template for cDNA synthesis using standard protocols. The cDNA is fractionated by electrophoresis 30 through a 0.8% agarose gel and DNA fragments between 1.7 and 3.5 kb in size are collected. A library is then created by cloning the size-fractionated cDNA into the yeast expression

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vector pYES2. 3000 yeast transformants from this library are plated initially on YNB (1.7 g yeast nitrogen base without amino acids, 5 g (NH<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> per liter) with 2% glucose. After 4 days growth at 30°C, the resulting colonies are replica plated to YNB with 0.1% glucose, 2% galactose and 2mM ABTS [2,2'-azino-bis(3-ethylbenzthiazoline-6-sulfonic acid; Sigma # A-1888). After 24 hours of growth at 30°C a single colony has a light green halo which gradually turns a dark purple. The plasmid from this colony is isolated and the insert sequenced. The sequence of the translated portion of the RS1ac3 gene and protein is shown in SEQ.ID NOS. 13 and 14, and in Figure 4.

The plasmid pMWR-1 is a pUC derived vector containing
the TAKA amylase transcription regulation signals and the
TAKA amylase signal sequence. This plasmid is engineered
with a unique SfiI site at the signal sequence cleavage
site, and a 3' adjacent NsiI site such that these two
restriction enzymes can be used to introduce, in frame, a
foreign protein. Using a PCR reaction (conducted as
described above, but with 100 ng of the appropriate
linearized plasmid DNA as a template) and mutagenized
primers, an SfiI site is introduced at amino acid 12 and
amino acid 14 of RSlac1 and RSlac2, respectively, such that
the protein coding sequences are in frame with the TAKA
signal sequence. In addition, a PCR amplification is also
used to introduce a PstI site (CTGCAG) at the 3' end of
RSlac1 and an NsiI site (ATGCAT) at the 3' end of RSlac2.

To prepare for transformation, cells of Aspergillus oryzae are cultivated in YPG (1g/l yeast extract, 0.25 g K<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>. 0.125 g/MgSO<sub>4</sub>, 3.75 g glucose) at 34°C with 100-120rpm.

for 16-20 hours, then collected by filtration with miracloth. Cells are washed with Mg solution (0.6M  $MgSO_4 \cdot 7H_2O$ ), then 2-6 g of cells are taken up in 10 ml  $MgP(1.2M MgSO_4 \cdot 7H_2O, 10mM NaH_2PO_4 \cdot 2H_2O; pH 5.8)$ . To this is added 1 ml of Novozyme® 234 (120 mg/ml MgP), and the sample kept on ice for 5 minutes. One ml of BSA (12 mg/ml) is added, and the sample shaken gently at 34-37°C. Protoplasts are collected by filtration through miracloth, and overlain with 5 ml of ST (0.6 M Sorbitol, 100mM Tris; pH 7). sample is spun at 2500 rpm for 15 minutes, and a band of protoplasts collected. Two volumes of STC (1.2M Sorbitol, 10 mM tris, 10 mM CaCl<sub>2</sub>·2H<sub>2</sub>O; pH 7.5) are added and the sample is spun at 2500 rpm for 5 minutes. The precipitate is washed twice with 5 ml of STC, and the protoplasts suspended in 0.5-1ml of STC. 15

For the transformation process, the protoplast concentration is adjusted to 1-5x107/ml. To 100  $\mu$ l of protoplast solution is added a maximum of 10 µl of DNA solution (5-10  $\mu$ g of supercoiled DNA) and 0.2 ml of PEG 20 (60% PEG4000, 10mM Tris, 10mM  $CaCl_2 \cdot H_2O$ ; pH 7.5), and the combination is mixed well. The sample is kept at room temperature for 25 minutes; then to it is added first 0.2 ml PEG, with mixing, the 0.85 ml PEG with mixing. The mixture is kept at room temperature for 20 minutes, then spun at 4000 rpm for 15 minutes. The precipitate is washed with 2 ml of STC by spinning at 2500 rpm for 10 minutes. protoplasts are resuspended in 0.2-0.5 ml of STC, and then spread on COVE plates. COVE medium (pH 7) contains 342.3 g/l sucrose, 25 g/l agar and a salt solution comprising 26 g/l 30 KCl, 26 g/l MgSO<sub>4</sub>· $H_2$ O, 76 g/l K $H_2$ PO<sub>4</sub>, and 50 ml/l of trace metals; the trace metals are 40 mg/l  $NaB_4O_7 \cdot 10H_2O$ , 400 mg/l

 ${\rm CuSO_4\cdot 5H_2O}$ , 1200mg/l  ${\rm FeSO_4\cdot 7H_2O}$ , 700mg/l  ${\rm MnSO_4\cdot H_2O}$ , 800mg/l  ${\rm Na_2MoO_2\cdot 2H_2O}$ , 10 g/l  ${\rm ZnSO_4\cdot 7H_2O}$ ). After autoclaving, 10 ml/l of 1M filtrated acetamide and 5-10 ml of 3M CsCl are added to the solution. Transformants are selected by growth cells on COVE medium which contains acetamide as the carbon source.

The confirmation of laccase production in the samples is determined by the ABTS oxidation method as described above on Cove medium with 2 mM ABTS, at pH 5 and 7.3. Both 10 RSlac1 and RSlac2 express laccase activity at pH 5 and pH 7, in contrast with a control laccase which shows substantially no activity at pH 7.3.

The products of the expression of each of RSlacl and RSlac2 are tested for oxidase activity at various pHs using syringaldazine as the substrate. The assay is conducted substantially as described above for the assay of the native protein, over pH range of 4-9. As shown in Figures 5 and 6, both laccases are active at pHs over pH 5, and RSlacl has particularly good activity at pHs over 6. The pattern of activity is generally comparable to that observed for the RSlac3 laccase isolated from RS 22 (see Table 1 above), with RSlac1 exhibiting the broadest range of activity.

#### Deposit of Biological Materials

The following biological materials have been deposited under the terms of the Budapest Treaty in the International Mycological Institute, Genetic Resource Reference Collection, located at Bakeham Lane, Egham, Surrey TW20 9TY and given the following accession number.

30 <u>Deposit</u> Rhizoctonia solani RS22 Accession Number
IMI CC 358730

The following biological materials have been deposited under the terms of the Budapest Treaty with the Agricultural Research Service Patent Culture Collection, Northern Regional Research Center, 1815 University Street, Peoria, Illinois, 61604 and given the following accession numbers.

Deposit

Accession Number

E. coli containing RSlac1 fused to an  $\alpha$ -amylase signal sequence

NRRL B-21141

(EMCC 00844)

10

E. coli containing RSlac2 with an
Sfil site insert
(EMCC 00845)

NRRL B-21142

15 E. coli containing RSlac3 (EMCC 0088)

NRRL B-21156

#### SEQUENCE LISTING

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- (iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 14
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  - (F) ZIP: 10174-6401
- (v) COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
  - (A) MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
  - (B) COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
  - (C) OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
  - (D) SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.25
- (vi) CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
  - (A) APPLICATION NUMBER: to be assigned (B) FILING DATE: 13-SEP-1994
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  - (A) APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/172,331
  - (B) FILING DATE: 22-DEC-1993
- (vii) PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
  - (A) APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/122,230
  - (B) FILING DATE: 17-SEP-1993
- (vii) PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
  - (A) APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/122,827
  - (B) FILING DATE: 17-SEP-1993
- (vii) PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
  - (A) APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/162,827
  - (B) FILING DATE: 03-DEC-1993
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#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:1:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 2838 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
  - (A) ORGANISM: Rhizoctonia laccase
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: intron
  - (B) LOCATION: 302..351
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: intron
  - (B) LOCATION: 463..512
- (ix) FEATURE:

  - (A) NAME/KEY: intron (B) LOCATION: 576..633
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: intron
  - (B) LOCATION: 760..818
- (ix) FEATURE:

  - (A) NAME/KEY: intron (B) LOCATION: 822..877
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: intron
  - (B) LOCATION: 1001..1054
- (ix) FEATURE:

  - (A) NAME/KEY: intron
    (B) LOCATION: 1316..1372
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: intron
  - (B) LOCATION: 1697..1754
- (ix) FEATURE:

  - (A) NAME/KEY: intron
    (B) LOCATION: 1827..1880
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: intron
  - (B) LOCATION: 1992..2051
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: intron
  - (B) LOCATION: 2157..2206
- (ix) FEATURE:

  - (A) NAME/KEY: intron
    (B) LOCATION: 2348..2404
- (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: intron
(B) LOCATION: 2438..2498

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: CDS

(B) LOCATION: join(170..301, 352..462, 513..575, 634..759, 819 ..821, 878..1000, 1055..1315, 1373..1696, 1755 ...1826, 1881..1991, 2052..2156, 2207..2347, 2405 ...2437, 2499..2621)

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:1:

| (XI) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION. SEQ 15 No.1.   |     |
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| AGATTTCGAT ATCCCCTCTC GTCTCGGTTT TGGTCTCGGC TTGCCTCTA ATG GCG<br>Met Ala<br>1   | 175 |
| CGC ACC ACT TTC CTT GTC TCG GTT TCG CTC TTT GTT TCC GCT GTT CTT Arg Thr Thr Phe Leu Val Ser Val Ser Leu Phe Val Ser Ala Val Leu 5 10 15           | 223 |
| GCG CGC ACC GTC GAG TAC GGC TTG AAG ATT AGT GAT GGG GAG ATA GCT<br>Ala Arg Thr Val Glu Tyr Gly Leu Lys Ile Ser Asp Gly Glu Ile Ala<br>20 25 30    | 271 |
| CCT GAC GGT GTT AAG CGT AAT GCG ACT TTG GTACGCACTC CTTGTAATCC<br>Pro Asp Gly Val Lys Arg Asn Ala Thr Leu<br>35 40                                 | 321 |
| AACAATTCAA GGTTTCTGAT GCTTGGTCAG GTA AAT GGA GGG TAT CCC GGT CCA<br>Val Asn Gly Gly Tyr Pro Gly Pro<br>45 50                                      | 375 |
| CTC ATT TTT GCC AAC AAG GGG GAT ACT CTC AAA GTC AAG GTC CAA AAC<br>Leu Ile Phe Ala Asn Lys Gly Asp Thr Leu Lys Val Lys Val Gln Asn<br>55 60 65    | 423 |
| AAG CTC ACG AAT CCT GAG ATG TAT CGC ACC ACT TCC ATC GTATGTTCGT<br>Lys Leu Thr Asn Pro Glu Met Tyr Arg Thr Thr Ser Ile<br>70 75 80                 | 472 |
| TCGATATCTA CTAATACATC CGTCGCTAAA TATCTTGTAG CAT TGG CAC GGT CTC<br>His Trp His Gly Leu<br>85  | 527 |
| TTA CAA CAT AGA AAC GCC GAC GAC GGC GCT CCT TCG TTC GTC ACT CAG<br>Leu Gln His Arg Asn Ala Asp Asp Gly Pro Ser Phe Val Thr Gln<br>90 95 100       | 575 |
| GTAGGATTCT GGAAGGTTGG CCTGAACTCT CTGTTAACCG ACAACCCGAT GTCACCAG   | 633 |
| TGC CCG ATT GTT CCA CGC GAG TCG TAT ACT TAC ACC ATA CCT CTG GAC<br>Cys Pro Ile Val Pro Arg Glu Ser Tyr Thr Tyr Thr Ile Pro Leu Asp<br>105 110 115 | 681 |
| GAT CAA ACC GGA ACC TAT TGG TAC CAT AGC CAC TTG AGT TCG CAA TAC Asp Gln Thr Gly Thr Tyr Trp Tyr His Ser His Leu Ser Ser Gln Tyr 120 125 130       | 729 |
| GTT GAT GGT CTT CGA GGC CCG CTG GTA ATC GTGAGTATCT TGACTTGTCT<br>Val Asp Gly Leu Arg Gly Pro Leu Val Ile<br>135 140                               | 779 |

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| ACTGAAGGCA ACGAGACTAA AACAAGCGTC GATTCACAG TAT GTTCGTCTCC Tyr 145   | 831  |
|---|------|
| CCTTTATTTA GCTCTGGATC TTCATTTCTC ACGTAATACA TGATAG GAT CCC AAG Asp Pro Lys  | 886  |
| GAT CCT CAC AGG CGT TTG TAT GAT GTT GAC GAT GAG AAG ACC GTC CTG<br>Asp Pro His Arg Arg Leu Tyr Asp Val Asp Asp Glu Lys Thr Val Leu<br>150 155 160 | 934  |
| ATC ATC GGT GAC TGG TAT CAT GAA TCG TCC AAG GCA ATC CTT GCT TCT Ile Ile Gly Asp Trp Tyr His Glu Ser Ser Lys Ala Ile Leu Ala Ser 165 170 175 180   | 982  |
| GGT AAC ATT ACC CGA CAG GTAAGTGATA CATGCCGGTC CCAGAAAAAT<br>Gly Asn Ile Thr Arg Gln<br>185  | 1030 |
| TCTCTAAATT CATTTTAATT ACAG CGA CCG GTC TCT GCC ACC ATC AAC GGC Arg Pro Val Ser Ala Thr Ile Asn Gly 190 195  | 1081 |
| AAA GGT CGA TTT GAC CCT GAC AAC ACT CCT GCC AAC CCA GAT ACT CTG<br>Lys Gly Arg Phe Asp Pro Asp Asn Thr Pro Ala Asn Pro Asp Thr Leu<br>200 205 210 | 1129 |
| TAC ACC CTC AAG GTC AAG CGA GGG AAG CGC TAT CGT CTG CGT GTC ATC Tyr Thr Leu Lys Val Lys Arg Gly Lys Arg Tyr Arg Leu Arg Val Ile 215 220 225       | 1177 |
| AAT AGC TCG GAG ATC GCT TCG TTC CGA TTC AGT GTG GAA GGT CAC AAG<br>Asn Ser Ser Glu Ile Ala Ser Phe Arg Phe Ser Val Glu Gly His Lys<br>230 235 240 | 1225 |
| GTG ACT GTG ATT GCT GCC GAT GGC GTC TCT ACC AAA CCG TAT CAG GTC Val Thr Val Ile Ala Ala Asp Gly Val Ser Thr Lys Pro Tyr Gln Val 245 250 255       | 1273 |
| GAT GCG TTT GAT ATT CTA GCA GGA CAG CGC ATA GAT TGC GTC Asp Ala Phe Asp Ile Leu Ala Gly Gln Arg Ile Asp Cys Val 260 265 270                       | 1315 |
| GTAAGTGTCG TCCGAACCCA CATCTGAGCT CAAGTGTTGA TACATGCGCG CTTATAG  | 1372 |
| GTG GAG GCG AAC CAA GAA CCC GAC ACA TAC TGG ATC AAC GCA CCG CTG<br>Val Glu Ala Asn Gln Glu Pro Asp Thr Tyr Trp Ile Asn Ala Pro Leu<br>275 280 285 | 1420 |
| ACC AAC GTG CCC AAC AAG ACC GCT CAG GCT CTC CTC GTT TAT GAG GAG Thr Asn Val Pro Asn Lys Thr Ala Gln Ala Leu Leu Val Tyr Glu Glu 290 295 300 305   | 1468 |
| GAT CGT CGG CCG TAC CAC CCT CCA AAG GGC CCG TAT CGC AAG TGG AGC Asp Arg Arg Pro Tyr His Pro Pro Lys Gly Pro Tyr Arg Lys Trp Ser 310 315           | 1516 |
| GTC TCT GAG GCG ATC ATC AAG TAC TGG AAT CAC AAG CAC AAG CAC GGA<br>Val Ser Glu Ala Ile Ile Lys Tyr Trp Asn His Lys His Lys His Gly<br>325 330 335 | 1564 |
| CGT GGT TTG CTG TCT GGA CAT GGA GGT CTC AAG GCT CGG ATG ATC GAG<br>Arg Gly Leu Leu Ser Gly His Gly Gly Leu Lys Ala Arg Met Ile Glu<br>340 345 350 | 1612 |
| GGT AGC CAT CTG CAT TCG CGC AGC GTC GTT AAG CGC CAG AAT GAG   | 1660 |

|   | Gly               | Ser<br>355 | His        | His        | Leu        | His               | Ser<br>360         | Arg        | Ser        | Val        | Val               | Lys<br>365 | Arg        | Gln               | Asn        | Glu               |      |
|---|-------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------------|--------------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------------|------------|------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|------|
|   |                   |            |            |            |            | ATG<br>Met<br>375 |                    |            |            |            |                   |            | GTA!       | AGTAC             | CA         | *                 | 1706 |
|   | TATT              | YAAT'      | AG 1       | rtggj      | rtggo      | er ra             | CGA                | ATACT      | CAT 1      | TTC        | AACT              | TTTC       | CTTAC      |                   |            | G GAA<br>1 Glu    | 1763 |
| • | TAC<br>Tyr<br>385 | Pro        | GGC<br>Gly | GCT<br>Ala | GCA<br>Ala | TGC<br>Cys<br>390 | GGG<br>Gly         | TCT<br>Ser | AAA<br>Lys | CCT<br>Pro | GCT<br>Ala<br>395 | GAC<br>Asp | CTC<br>Leu | GTC<br>Val        | TTG<br>Leu | GAT<br>Asp<br>400 | 1811 |
|   |                   |            |            | GGT<br>Gly |            | GTAT              | CTAC               | SCC 1      | AAATO      | CCCC       | CA TA             | ATAC       | AGGAT      | r act             | 'GAA'      | TATT              | 1866 |
|   | GTT               | rgtg(      | CGT (      | GTAG       |            | TTT<br>Phe        |                    |            |            |            |                   |            |            |                   |            | ATC<br>Ile        | 1916 |
| • |                   |            |            | Ser        |            | AAA<br>Lys        |                    |            |            |            |                   |            |            |                   |            |                   | 1964 |
|   |                   |            |            |            |            | GAG<br>Glu        |                    |            |            | GTA:       | rgtt(             | ecc 1      | rttt       | CGGT              | AT.        |                   | 2011 |
|   | CTT               | CGTA       | rgc (      | STGC       | ACTGI      | AC TO             | CGTG               | CTGG!      | r GG(      | SAAT"      | PTAG              |            |            | GAG<br>Glu<br>445 |            |                   | 2066 |
|   |                   |            |            |            |            | AAG<br>Lys        |                    |            |            |            |                   |            |            |                   |            |                   | 2114 |
|   |                   |            |            |            |            | ATT<br>Ile        |                    |            |            |            |                   |            |            |                   |            |                   | 2156 |
|   | GTA               | AGTG       | CAT A      | ATCG       | GATG       | GT T              | racg:              | ATAC'      | r aac      | GCT        | CATC              | AAC!       | PTTT:      |                   | CAC A      |                   | 2212 |
|   |                   |            |            |            |            | TTT<br>Phe<br>485 |                    |            |            |            |                   |            |            |                   |            | CCT<br>Pro<br>495 | 2260 |
|   |                   |            |            |            |            | GTT<br>Val        |                    |            |            |            |                   |            |            |                   |            |                   | 2308 |
|   |                   |            |            |            |            | CCA<br>Pro        |                    |            |            |            |                   |            |            | GTG               | CGTC       | <b>G</b> T        | 2357 |
|   | CCC               | CATC       | GTC (      | CGTT       | atgg'      | rt t              | PTC <sub>T</sub> T | AATA(      | C GT       | CCCA'      | TTCT              | ATT        | ITAG       |                   | Ile        | GAC<br>Asp        | 2413 |
|   |                   |            |            |            |            | GGT<br>Gly        |                    |            |            | AGTA(      | CTG               | AGAC(      | CTAA       | GT G              | CTAC       | rcgc              | 2467 |

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| TCATTACTGA TTACCGCATG TATGCGTCTA G ATG GTG TTT GCT GAA GCG CCC Met Val Phe Ala Glu Ala Pro 540  | 2519 |
|---|------|
| GAA GCC GTC AAG GGA GGT CCA AAG AGC GTG GCC GTG GAC TCT CAG TGG Glu Ala Val Lys Gly Gly Pro Lys Ser Val Ala Val Asp Ser Gln Trp 545 550 555 | 2567 |
| GAA GGG CTG TGT GGC AAG TAC GAC AAC TGG CTA AAA TCA AAT CCG GGC Glu Gly Leu Cys Gly Lys Tyr Asp Asn Trp Leu Lys Ser Asn Pro Gly 560 565     | 2615 |
| CAG CTG TAGGCGTATC GCAGCCACAT TGGTGATGAT TGAAAGTTGC ATCTTGTTCC<br>Gln Leu<br>575  | 2671 |
| TATAACCGGC TCTTATATAC GGGTGTCTCC CAGTAAAGTC GTAGCCCAAT TTCAGCCGAG   | 2731 |
| ACAGATATTT AGTGGACTCT TACTCTTGTG TCCCATTGAC GCACATCGTT GCATCAAACC   | 2791 |
| TGCTTTTTAT CGTCCCTCTT TGTAATTTGT GTTGCTGTAA TGTATCG   | 2838 |

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:2:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 576 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:2:

Met Ala Arg Thr Thr Phe Leu Val Ser Val Ser Leu Phe Val Ser Ala Val Leu Ala Arg Thr Val Glu Tyr Gly Leu Lys Ile Ser Asp Gly Glu Ile Ala Pro Asp Gly Val Lys Arg Asn Ala Thr Leu Val Asn Gly Gly Tyr Pro Gly Pro Leu Ile Phe Ala Asn Lys Gly Asp Thr Leu Lys Val Lys Val Gln Asn Lys Leu Thr Asn Pro Glu Met Tyr Arg Thr Thr Ser Ile His Trp His Gly Leu Leu Gln His Arg Asn Ala Asp Asp Asp Gly

Pro Ser Phe Val Thr Gln Cys Pro Ile Val Pro Arg Glu Ser Tyr Thr

Tyr Thr Ile Pro Leu Asp Asp Gln Thr Gly Thr Tyr Trp Tyr His Ser 115 120 125

His Leu Ser Ser Gln Tyr Val Asp Gly Leu Arg Gly Pro Leu Val Ile

Tyr Asp Pro Lys Asp Pro His Arg Arg Leu Tyr Asp Val Asp Asp Glu

Lys Thr Val Leu Ile Ile Gly Asp Trp Tyr His Glu Ser Ser Lys Ala

| Ile        | Leu        | Ala        | Ser<br>180 | Gly        | Asn        | IIe        | Thr         | 185        | GIn        | Arg        | Pro        | vai        | 190        | Ala        | Inr        |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Ile        | Asn        | Gly<br>195 | Lys        | Gly        | Arg        | Phe        | Asp.<br>200 | Pro        | Asp        | Asn        | Thr        | Pro<br>205 | Ala        | Asn        | Pro        |
| Asp        | Thr<br>210 | Leu        | Tyr        | Thr        | Leu        | Lys<br>215 | Val         | Lys        | Arg        | Gly        | Lys<br>220 | Arg        | Tyr        | Arg        | Leu        |
| Arg<br>225 | Val        | Ile        | Asn        | Ser        | Ser<br>230 | Glu        | Ile         | Ala        | Ser        | Phe<br>235 | Arg        | Phe        | Ser        | Val        | Glu<br>240 |
| Gly        | His        | Lys        | Val        | Thr<br>245 | Val        | Ile        | Ala         | Ala        | Asp<br>250 | Gly        | Val        | Ser        | Thr        | Lys<br>255 | Pro        |
| Tyr        | Gln        | Val        | Asp<br>260 | Ala        | Phe        | Asp        | Ile         | Leu<br>265 | Ala        | Gly        | Gln        | Arg        | Ile<br>270 | Asp        | Cys        |
| Val        | Val        | Glu<br>275 |            | Asn        | Gln        | Glu        | Pro<br>280  | Asp        | Thr        | Tyr        | Trp        | Ile<br>285 | Asn        | Ala        | Pro        |
| Leu        | Thr<br>290 | Asn        | Val        | Pro        | Asn        | Lys<br>295 | Thr         | Ala        | Gln        | Ala        | Leu<br>300 | Leu        | Val        | Tyr        | Glu        |
| Glu<br>305 |            | Arg        | Arg        | Pro        | Tyr<br>310 | His        | Pro         | Pro        | Lys        | Gly<br>315 | Pro        | Tyr        | Arg        | Lys        | Trp<br>320 |
| Ser        | Val        | Ser        | Glu        | Ala<br>325 | Ile        | Ile        | Lys         | Tyr        | Trp<br>330 | Asn        | His        | Lys        | His        | Lys<br>335 | His        |
| Gly        | Arg        | Gly        | Leu<br>340 | Leu        | Ser        | Gly        | His         | Gly<br>345 | Gly        | Leu        | Lys        | Ala        | Arg<br>350 | Met        | Ile        |
| Glu        | Gly        | Ser<br>355 | His        | His        | Leu        | His        | Ser<br>360  | Arg        | Ser        | Val        | Val        | Lys<br>365 | Arg        | Gln        | Asn        |
|            | 370        |            |            |            | Val        | 375        |             |            |            |            | 380        |            |            |            |            |
| 385        |            |            |            |            | Cys<br>390 |            |             |            |            | 395        |            |            |            |            | 400        |
| 1          |            |            |            | 405        | Asn        |            |             |            | 410        |            |            |            |            | 415        |            |
|            |            |            | 420        |            | Pro        |            |             | 425        |            |            |            |            | 430        |            |            |
| . –        |            | 435        |            |            | Thr        |            | 440         |            |            |            |            | 445        |            |            |            |
|            | 450        |            |            |            | Asn        | 455        |             |            |            |            | 460        |            |            |            |            |
| 465        |            |            |            |            | Thr<br>470 | •          |             |            |            | 475        |            |            |            |            | 480        |
|            |            |            |            | 485        |            |            |             |            | 490        |            |            |            |            | 495        |            |
|            |            |            | 500        |            | Gly        | 2          |             | 505        |            | •          |            |            | 510        |            |            |
|            |            | 515        |            | _          | Gly        |            | 520         |            | • • •      | •          |            | 525        |            | . •        |            |
| His        | Leu        | Glu        | Glu        | Gly        | Phe        | Ala        | Met         | Val        | Phe        | Ala        | Glu        | Ala        | Pro        | Glu        | Ala        |

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535 530

540

Val Lys Gly Gly Pro Lys Ser Val Ala Val Asp Ser Gln Trp Glu Gly 550 555

Leu Cys Gly Lys Tyr Asp Asn Trp Leu Lys Ser Asn Pro Gly Gln Leu 565 570

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:3:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 3117 base pairs
    - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)
  - (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
    - (A) ORGANISM: Rhizoctonia laccase
  - (ix) FEATURE:
    - (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
    - (B) LOCATION: join(393..524, 577..687, 737..799, 860..985, 1043 ..1045, 1097..1219, 1269..1538, 1601..1996, 2047 ..2118, 2174..2284, 2338..2439, 2495..2635, 2693 ..2725, 2786..2899)
  - (ix) FEATURE:
    - (A) NAME/KEY: intron
    - (B) LOCATION: 525..576
  - (ix) FEATURE:
    - (A) NAME/KEY: intron
    - (B) LOCATION: 688..736
  - (ix) FEATURE:
    - (A) NAME/KEY: intron
    - (B) LOCATION: 800..859
  - (ix) FEATURE:

    - (A) NAME/KEY: intron
      (B) LOCATION: 986..1042
  - (ix) FEATURE:
    - (A) NAME/KEY: intron
    - (B) LOCATION: 1220..1268
  - (ix) FEATURE:

    - (A) NAME/KEY: intron
      (B) LOCATION: 1539..1600
  - (ix) FEATURE:
    - (A) NAME/KEY: intron
    - (B) LOCATION: 1823..1936
  - (ix) FEATURE:
    - (A) NAME/KEY: intron
    - (B) LOCATION: 1973..2046
  - (ix) FEATURE:
    - (A) NAME/KEY: intron
    - (B) LOCATION: 2119..2173
  - (ix) FEATURE:
    - (A) NAME/KEY: intron

| (B) LOCATION: | 2285. | .2337 |
|---------------|-------|-------|
|---------------|-------|-------|

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: intron
(B) LOCATION: 2440..2494

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: intron
(B) LOCATION: 2636..2692

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: intron
(B) LOCATION: 1046..1096

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:3:

| (XI) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:3:  |     |
|--|-----|
| GAGTGATCCG CCAGAGTTCA GGCGGATAAG TTCCTAAATA GTCATTCGCC TATTCGTGTA  | 60  |
| CCTCAGCATA CTGACGACAT ACCGCCAGAT CGCCCTCGGT TCGGGCGTGG CATACGTTCG  | 120 |
| CAAGGGCACC TCACGGAGCA AACTCTAAAA AGCTTCGGCA TGGATTGCAT TTTGTATTGT  | 180 |
| AAACAAGTTA CGAGAAAAAC AATAGATCAG TTTTTGCCGA ATCGGATGGC TTGAAACGGA  | 240 |
| AGTACCGATG GCCGATCCGA GTCGAATGAA TTAACGCATC TGAAACGGGA CCCTGAGTCG  | 300 |
| AGGCACCCGC CGGCCTTGGC CGTATAAGTC ACTTGTCGCC AACTAGCACT TTTTCATTCC  | 360 |
| CCCTTTTCTT CTTCCTCGTC TTCTTCTTCT CT ATG GCT CGG TCG ACT ACT TCA Met Ala Arg Ser Thr Thr Ser 1 5  | 413 |
| CTC TTT GCA CTG TCT CTC GTT GCT TCA GCG TTT GCT CGA GTC GTT GAC<br>Leu Phe Ala Leu Ser Leu Val Ala Ser Ala Phe Ala Arg Val Val Asp<br>10 15 20 | 461 |
| TAT GGG TTT GAT GTG GCT AAT GGG GCA GTT GCT CCG GAT GGT GTA ACA Tyr Gly Phe Asp Val Ala Asn Gly Ala Val Ala Pro Asp Gly Val Thr 25 30 35       | 509 |
| AGG AAC GCG GTT CTC GTGAGTTAGC TGTAAGATGG TGTATATGCT GGTTGCCTAA<br>Arg Asn Ala Val Leu<br>40   | 564 |
| CGGGAATGTC AG GTC AAT GGT CGC TTC CCT GGT CCA TTG ATC ACC GCC Val Asn Gly Arg Phe Pro Gly Pro Leu Ile Thr Ala 45 50 55                         | 612 |
| AAC AAG GGG GAT ACA CTT AAA ATC ACC GTG CGG AAT AAA CTC TCC GAT Asn Lys Gly Asp Thr Leu Lys Ile Thr Val Arg Asn Lys Leu Ser Asp 60 65 70       | 660 |
| CCA ACT ATG CGA AGG AGC ACG ACC ATC GTTAGTACTT CCCCTCATCT Pro Thr Met Arg Arg Ser Thr Thr Ile 75 80  | 707 |
| GTCTTGAAAC TTTCTCATCT TTTTTGAAG CAC TGG CAC GGT CTG CTC CAA CAC<br>His Trp His Gly Leu Leu Gln His<br>85                                       | 760 |
| AGG ACG GCA GAA GAA GAT GGC CCG GCC TTT GTA ACC CAG GTATGCCTTA<br>Arg Thr Ala Glu Glu Asp Gly Pro Ala Phe Val Thr Gln<br>90 95 100             | 809 |
| TCCTATCGCT GCTCTGTCCC CGCGTCCTTC CCTGACTCGG GCGATTCTAG TGC CCG   | 865 |

|                           |                          |                         |                           |                           |                           | · ·                       |                                   |      |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|------|
| ATT CCT<br>Ile Pro<br>105 | CCG CA<br>Pro Gl         | n Glu                   | TCG TAC<br>Ser Tyr<br>110 | ACC TAT<br>Thr Tyr        | ACG ATG<br>Thr Met<br>115 | CCG CTC (<br>Pro Leu (    | GGC GAA CAG<br>Gly Glu Gln<br>120 | 913  |
| ACC GGC<br>Thr Gly        | ACG TA                   | T TGG 'r Trp '          | TAC CAC<br>Tyr His        | AGC CAC<br>Ser His        | TTG AGC<br>Leu Ser<br>130 | TCC CAG                   | TAT GTG GAC<br>Tyr Val Asp<br>135 | 961  |
|                           |                          | y Pro                   | ATC GTT<br>Ile Val        |                           | AGTCTTC A                 | ATTTAACCT'                | r attettegtt                      | 1015 |
| ATGGCTG                   | ATT GTO                  | SACGTCG                 | T GGTTAG                  | T ATG T<br>Met<br>145     | rcgtggctt                 | CCACAAG                   | AAG                               | 1065 |
| TCAGCAG                   | CCC TTC                  | GAAGCTA                 | A CTTTAT                  | TCCA G                    | GAC CCC (<br>Asp Pro I    | lis Asp P                 | CG TAC AGA<br>ro Tyr Arg<br>50    | 1117 |
| AAC TAC<br>Asn Tyr        | TAT GAT<br>Tyr As<br>155 | AT GTC<br>sp Val        | GAC GAC<br>Asp Asp        | GAG CGT<br>Glu Arg<br>160 | ACG GTC<br>Thr Val        | TTT ACT The The 165       | TTA GCA GAC<br>Leu Ala Asp        | 1165 |
| TGG TAC<br>Trp Tyr<br>170 | His Th                   | CG CCG<br>nr Pro        | TCG GAG<br>Ser Glu<br>175 | GCT ATC<br>Ala Ile        | ATT GCC<br>Ile Ala        | ACC CAC OTHER HIS A       | GAT GTC TTG<br>Asp Val Leu        | 1213 |
| AAA ACG<br>Lys Thr<br>185 |                          | CGTTA A                 | TCCTTCT                   | AG CTTTC                  | TTTCC TIX                 | GGTCACT '                 | ITCTATCAG                         | 1268 |
| ATC CCC                   | Asp Se                   | CG GGT<br>er Gly<br>90  | ACG ATC<br>Thr Ile        | AAC GGC<br>Asn Gly<br>195 | Lys Gly                   | Lys Tyr                   | GAT CCT GCT<br>Asp Pro Ala<br>200 | 1316 |
| TCG GCT<br>Ser Ala        | AAC AG<br>Asn Tl<br>205  | CC AAC<br>hr Asn        | AAC ACG<br>Asn Thr        | ACA CTC<br>Thr Leu<br>210 | GAG AAC<br>Glu Asn        | CTC TAC<br>Leu Tyr<br>215 | ACT CTC AAA<br>Thr Leu Lys        | 1364 |
| GTC AAA<br>Val Lys<br>220 | Arg G                    | GC AAG<br>ly Lys        | CGG TAT<br>Arg Tyr<br>225 | CGC CTG<br>Arg Leu        | AGG ATT<br>Arg Ile        | ATC AAC<br>Ile Asn<br>230 | GCC TCG GCC<br>Ala Ser Ala        | 1412 |
| ATC GCT<br>Ile Ala<br>235 | TCG T                    | TC CGG<br>he Arg        | TTC GGC<br>Phe Gly<br>240 | GTG CAG<br>Val Gln        | GGC CAC<br>Gly His<br>245 | Lys Cys                   | ACG ATC ATC<br>Thr Ile Ile<br>250 | 1460 |
| GAG GCT<br>Glu Ala        | GAT G<br>Asp G           | GC GTC<br>ly Val<br>255 | CTC ACC<br>Leu Thr        | AAA CCG<br>Lys Pro        | ATC GAG<br>Ile Glu<br>260 | GTC GAT<br>Val Asp        | GCG TTT GAT<br>Ala Phe Asp<br>265 | 1508 |
| ATT CT                    | ı Ala G                  | GC CAG<br>ly Gln<br>70  | AGG TAT<br>Arg Tyr        | AGC TGC<br>Ser Cys<br>275 | Ile                       | AGTCTAC C                 | TATGCCTTG                         | 1558 |
| TTGTGG                    | GAT AA                   | GAACCTO                 | EA CTGAA                  | TGTAT GC                  | GCTCCAAT                  | ' AG TTG A<br>Leu L       | AG GCC GAC<br>ys Ala Asp<br>280   | 1612 |
| CAA GA'<br>Gln Ası        | CCT G                    | AT TCC<br>sp Ser<br>285 | Tyr Trp                   | ATA AAT<br>Ile Asn        | GCG CCA<br>Ala Pro<br>290 | ATC ACA                   | AAC GTT CTC<br>Asn Val Leu<br>295 | 1660 |
| AAC AC                    | C AAC G                  | TC CAG                  | GCA TTG                   | CTA GTG                   | TAT GAA                   | GAT GAC                   | AAG CGT CCT                       | 1708 |

| Asn               | mb   | <b>&gt;</b> | 77-7  | C15               | 212   | T 011 | T 011 | ₩-1        | ጥረን   | C1.v  | y and | y an | Tura  | <b>.</b>   | Dwo               |      |
|-------------------|------|-------------|-------|-------------------|-------|-------|-------|------------|-------|-------|-------|------|-------|------------|-------------------|------|
| Asn               | Thr  | Asn         | 300   | GIN               | AIA   | Leu   |       | 305        | TÄT   | GIU   | ASD   | ASD  | 310   | Arg        | PIO               |      |
| ACT<br>Thr        |      |             |       |                   |       |       |       |            |       |       |       |      | Ser   |            | GAA<br>Glu        | 1756 |
| Ile               |      |             |       | TGG<br>Trp        |       |       |       |            |       |       |       |      |       |            | GGA<br>Gly        | 1804 |
| AAG<br>Lys<br>345 |      |             |       | His               |       |       |       |            |       |       |       |      |       |            | TTG<br>Leu<br>360 | 1852 |
|                   |      |             |       | AAG<br>Lys<br>365 |       |       |       |            |       |       |       |      |       |            |                   | 1900 |
|                   |      |             |       | GCA<br>Ala        |       |       |       |            |       |       |       |      |       |            |                   | 1948 |
|                   |      |             |       | AAT<br>Asn        |       |       |       |            |       |       |       |      |       |            |                   | 1996 |
| GTAA              | GTC  | CCT :       | TAAT. | PTTT              | rt co | GTG7  | CAC   | G GAZ      | AGCT  | AACC  | CGCC  | TAA! |       | Pro I      |                   | 2052 |
| GTT<br>Val        |      |             |       | GCA<br>Ala<br>415 |       |       |       |            |       |       |       |      |       |            |                   | 2100 |
|                   |      |             |       | GGC<br>Gly        |       | GTA:  | rgtg( | GCT T      | CTT   | GTTAT | rr co | STCC | GAA'  | r          |                   | 2148 |
| GCAA              | ACTO | BAT !       | rtgg  | GTGG              | GC T  | ATAG  |       | TTT<br>Phe |       |       |       |      |       |            |                   | 2200 |
|                   |      |             |       | TAC<br>Tyr        |       |       |       |            |       |       |       |      |       |            | ATC<br>Ile        | 2248 |
|                   |      |             |       | GAC<br>Asp        |       |       |       |            |       |       |       | GTA  | GTT(  | CCT        |                   | 2294 |
| CTTC              | TTC: | PTT :       | rcaaj | ACTA              | GC T  | ACTG2 | ACAT  | r aac      | etgai | ACGT  | CAG   |      |       | GAT<br>Asp |                   | 2349 |
|                   |      |             |       | CTT<br>Leu        |       |       |       |            |       |       |       |      |       |            |                   | 2397 |
|                   |      |             |       | GGA<br>Gly        |       |       |       |            |       |       |       |      |       |            |                   | 2439 |
| GTAC              | GTC: | rtt (       | CTCA  | CACTY             | GT TO | CCAG  | CTCC' | r at       | rctc' | TAAC  | ACA   | CTCC | rgc ( | CATA       | G CAT<br>His      | 2497 |

| GCG<br>Ala<br>505 | TTC<br>Phe | GAC<br>Asp        | GTC<br>Val        | GTC<br>Val        | CAA<br>Gln<br>510 | TTC<br>Phe | GGC<br>Gly        | GAC<br>Asp        | AAC<br>Asn        | GCT<br>Ala<br>515 | CCA<br>Pro | AAC<br>Asn        | TAC<br>Tyr        | GTG<br>Val        | AAC<br>Asn<br>520 | 2545 |
|-------------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------|
| CCT<br>Pro        | CCG<br>Pro | CGT<br>Arg        | AGG<br>Arg        | GAT<br>Asp<br>525 | GTA<br>Val        | GTA<br>Val | GGC               | GTA<br>Val        | ACT<br>Thr<br>530 | GAT<br>Asp        | GCT<br>Ala | GGA<br>Gly        | GTC<br>Val        | CGT<br>Arg<br>535 | ATC<br>Ile        | 2593 |
| CAG<br>Gln        | TTC<br>Phe | AGA<br>Arg        | ACC<br>Thr<br>540 | GAT<br>Asp        | AAC<br>Asn        | CCG<br>Pro | GGC<br>Gly        | CCT<br>Pro<br>545 | TGG<br>Trp        | TTC<br>Phe        | CTC<br>Leu | CAT<br>His        | TGC<br>Cys<br>550 |                   |                   | 2635 |
| GTA               | rgct(      | CTT (             | CATC!             | rccci             | AC CO             | CTT        | TTC               | r TT?             | CTT               | ATGG              | TTT        | ACCT              | rgc (             | GATT              | rag               | 2692 |
| CAC<br>His        | ATT<br>Ile | GAT<br>Asp        | TGG<br>Trp        | CAC<br>His<br>555 | TTG<br>Leu        | GAA<br>Glu | GAA<br>Glu        | GGA<br>Gly        | TTT<br>Phe<br>560 | GCT<br>Ala        | GTAI       | AGTTI             | ATT I             | ATTC              | CTATTC            | 2745 |
| CGA               | AGCA'      | rcg (             | GGGA(             | GATG              | CT A              | ACCA       | AGGG".            | r GT(             | TTT.              | raag              | ATG<br>Met | GTA<br>Val        | TTC<br>Phe        | GCC<br>Ala<br>565 | GAA<br>Glu        | 2800 |
| GCG<br>Ala        | CCT<br>Pro | GAA<br>Glu        | GAT<br>Asp<br>570 | ATC<br>Ile        | AAG<br>Lys        | AAA<br>Lys | GGC<br>Gly        | TCT<br>Ser<br>575 | CAG<br>Gln        | AGT<br>Ser        | GTC<br>Val | AAG<br>Lys        | CCT<br>Pro<br>580 | GAC<br>Asp        | GGA<br>Gly        | 2848 |
| CAA<br>Gln        | TGG<br>Trp | AAG<br>Lys<br>585 | Lys               | CTA<br>Leu        | TGC<br>Cys        | GAG<br>Glu | AAG<br>Lys<br>590 | TAT<br>Tyr        | GAG<br>Glu        | AAG<br>Lys        | TTG<br>Leu | CCT<br>Pro<br>595 | GAA<br>Glu        | GCA<br>Ala        | CTG<br>Leu        | 2896 |
| CAG<br>Gln        |            | agtt              | GCA               | GTTG              | TTTC              | CC A       | TTCG              | GGAA(             | C TG              | GCTC:             | ACTA       | TTC               | CTTT              | TGC               |                   | 2949 |
| ATA               | ATTC       | GGA               | CTTT              | TATT              | TT G              | GGAC       | ATTA'             | T TG              | GACT.             | ATGG              | ACT        | TGTT              | TGT               | CACA              | CCCTCG            | 3009 |
| CTC.              | ACTG       | TGT               | CCCT              | CGTT              | GA G              | TACC       | TATA              | C TC              | TATT              | CGTA              | TAG        | TGGG.             | AAT               | ATGG              | AATATC            | 3069 |
| GGA               | TGTA       | ATA               | AATG              | CTCG              | TG C              | GTTT       | GGTG              | C TC              | GAAA              | TGGG              | GTA        | GGAC              | T ·               |                   |                   | 3117 |

### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:4:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 599 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:4:

Met Ala Arg Ser Thr Thr Ser Leu Phe Ala Leu Ser Leu Val Ala Ser 1 1 15

Ala Phe Ala Arg Val Val Asp Tyr Gly Phe Asp Val Ala Asn Gly Ala

Val Ala Pro Asp Gly Val Thr Arg Asn Ala Val Leu Val Asn Gly Arg

Phe Pro Gly Pro Leu Ile Thr Ala Asn Lys Gly Asp Thr L u Lys Ile 50 55 60

Thr Val Arg Asn Lys Leu Ser Asp Pro Thr Met Arg Arg Ser Thr Thr 65 70 75 80

Ile His Trp His Gly Leu Leu Gln His Arg Thr Ala Glu Glu Asp Gly Pro Ala Phe Val Thr Gln Cys Pro Ile Pro Pro Gln Glu Ser Tyr Thr Tyr Thr Met Pro Leu Gly Glu Gln Thr Gly Thr Tyr Trp Tyr His Ser His Leu Ser Ser Gln Tyr Val Asp Gly Leu Arg Gly Pro Ile Val Ile Met Asp Pro His Asp Pro Tyr Arg Asn Tyr Tyr Asp Val Asp Asp Glu Arg Thr Val Phe Thr Leu Ala Asp Trp Tyr His Thr Pro Ser Glu Ala Ile Ile Ala Thr His Asp Val Leu Lys Thr Ile Pro Asp Ser Gly Thr Ile Asn Gly Lys Gly Lys Tyr Asp Pro Ala Ser Ala Asn Thr Asn Asn Thr Thr Leu Glu Asn Leu Tyr Thr Leu Lys Val Lys Arg Gly Lys Arg Tyr Arg Leu Arg Ile Ile Asn Ala Ser Ala Ile Ala Ser Phe Arg Phe Gly Val Gln Gly His Lys Cys Thr Ile Ile Glu Ala Asp Gly Val Leu Thr Lys Pro Ile Glu Val Asp Ala Phe Asp Ile Leu Ala Gly Gln Arg 265 Tyr Ser Cys Ile Leu Lys Ala Asp Gln Asp Pro Asp Ser Tyr Trp Ile Asn Ala Pro Ile Thr Asn Val Leu Asn Thr Asn Val Gln Ala Leu Leu Val Tyr Glu Asp Asp Lys Arg Pro Thr His Tyr Pro Trp Lys Pro Phe Leu Thr Trp Lys Ile Ser Asn Glu Ile Ile Gln Tyr Trp Gln His Lys His Gly Ser His Gly His Lys Gly Lys Gly His His His Lys Val Arg Ala Ile Gly Gly Val Ser Gly Leu Ser Ser Arg Val Lys Ser Arg Ala Ser Asp Leu Ser Lys Lys Ala Val Glu Leu Ala Ala Ala Leu Val Ala Gly Glu Ala Glu Leu Asp Lys Arg Gln Asn Glu Asp Asn Ser Thr Ile Val Leu Asp Glu Thr Lys Leu Ile Pro Leu Val Gln Pro Gly Ala Pro Gly Gly Ser Arg Pro Ala Asp Val Val Pro Leu Asp Phe Gly Leu Asn Phe Ala Asn Gly Leu Trp Thr Ile Asn Asn Val Ser Tyr Ser Pro 435 440

445

Pro Asp Val Pro Thr Leu Leu Lys Ile Leu Thr Asp Lys Asp Lys Val 450 455 460

Asp Ala Ser Asp Phe Thr Ala Asp Glu His Thr Tyr Ile Leu Pro Lys 465 470 475 480

Asn Gln Val Val Glu Leu His Ile Lys Gly Gln Ala Leu Gly Ile Val 485 490 495

His Pro Leu His Leu His Gly His Ala Phe Asp Val Val Gln Phe Gly 500 505 510

Asp Asn Ala Pro Asn Tyr Val Asn Pro Pro Arg Arg Asp Val Val Gly 515 520 525

Val Thr Asp Ala Gly Val Arg Ile Gln Phe Arg Thr Asp Asn Pro Gly 530 540

Pro Trp Phe Leu His Cys His Ile Asp Trp His Leu Glu Glu Gly Phe 545 550 555 560

Ala Met Val Phe Ala Glu Ala Pro Glu Asp Ile Lys Lys Gly Ser Gln 565 570 575

Ser Val Lys Pro Asp Gly Gln Trp Lys Lys Leu Cys Glu Lys Tyr Glu 580 585 590

Lys Leu Pro Glu Ala Leu Gln
595

### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:5:

Ala Val Arg Asn Tyr Lys Phe Asp Ile Lys Asn Val Asn Val Ala Pro

1 10 15

Asp Gly Phe Gln Arg Pro Ile Val Ser Val 20 25

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:6:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 20 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:6:

Ser Gln Tyr Val Asp Gly Leu Arg Gly Pro Leu Val Ile Tyr Asp Pro 1 10 15

Asp Asp Asp His

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:7:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:(A) LENGTH: 26 amino acids

- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:7:

Ser Arg Tyr Asx Val Asx Asx Ala Ser Thr Val Val Met Leu Glu Asx 1 10 15

Trp Tyr Arg Thr Pro Ala Xaa Val Leu Glu 20 25

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:8:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 25 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:8:

Ser Leu Gly Pro Thr Pro Asn Tyr Val Asn Pro Xaa Ile Arg Asp Val 1 5 10 15

Val Arg Val Gly Gly Thr Thr Val Val 20 25

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:9:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 25 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:9:

Gly Leu Ala Leu Val Phe Ala Glu Ala Pro Ser Gln Ile Arg Gln Gly 1 5 10 15

Val Gln Ser Val Gln Pro Asp Asp Ala 20 25

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:10:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 14 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:10:
  - Ile Arg Tyr Val Gly Gly Pro Ala Val Xaa Arg Ser Val Ile
- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:11:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
      (B) TYPE: amino acid
      (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
      (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

| (xi)     | SEQUENCE | E DES | SCRI     | PTION: | SEQ | ID | NO:11: |
|----------|----------|-------|----------|--------|-----|----|--------|
| Ile<br>1 | Leu Ala  | Asn   | Pro<br>5 | Ala    |     |    |        |

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:12:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 8 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:12:

Tyr Glu Ala Pro Ser Leu Pro Thr 1

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:13:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 1912 base pairs
    - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
  - (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
    - (A) ORGANISM: Rhizoctonia laccase
  - (ix) FEATURE:
    - (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
    - (B) LOCATION: 85..1671
  - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:13:

| CTAACGCTTG GTGCCGAGCT CGGATCCACT AGTAACGCGC GCCAGTGTGC TGGAATTCGC  | 60  |
|--|-----|
| GGCCGCGTCG ACACCTCCTT CAAG ATG CTT TCT AGC ATT ACC CTC CTA CCT Met Leu Ser Ser Ile Thr Leu Leu Pro 1 5                                   | 111 |
| TTG CTC GCT GCG GTC TCA ACC CCC GCC TTT GCT GCC GTC CGC AAC TAT Leu Leu Ala Ala Val Ser Thr Pro Ala Phe Ala Ala Val Arg Asn Tyr 10 25    | 159 |
| AAG TTC GAC ATC AAG AAC GTC AAT GTC GCT CCC GAT GGC TTT CAG CGC Lys Phe Asp Ile Lys Asn Val Asn Val Ala Pro Asp Gly Phe Gln Arg 30 35 40 | 207 |
| TCT ATC GTC TCC GTC AAC GGT TTA GTT CCT GGC ACG TTG ATC ACG GCC Ser Ile Val Ser Val Asn Gly Leu Val Pro Gly Thr Leu Ile Thr Ala 45 50 55 | 255 |
| AAC AAG GGT GAC ACC TTG CGC ATT AAT GTC ACG AAT CAA CTC ACG GAC Asn Lys Gly Asp Thr Leu Arg Ile Asn Val Thr Asn Gln Leu Thr Asp 60 65 70 | 303 |
| CCT AGT ATG CGT CGT GCC ACA ACG ATT CAT TGG CAT GGA TTG TTC CAA Pro Ser Met Arg Arg Ala Thr Thr Ile His Trp His Gly Leu Phe Gln 80       | 351 |

| GCT<br>Ala<br>90  | ACT<br>Thr        | ACC<br>Thr        | GCC<br>Ala        | GAC<br>Asp        | GAG<br>Glu<br>95  | GAT<br>Asp        | GGC<br>Gly        | CCC<br>Pro        | GCA<br>Ala        | TTC<br>Phe<br>100 | GTC<br>Val        | ACG<br>Thr        | CAA<br>Gln        | TGC<br>Cys        | CCT<br>Pro<br>105 | : | 399   |
|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---|-------|
| ATT<br>Ile        | GCG<br>Ala        | CAA<br>Gln        | AAT<br>Asn        | TTG<br>Leu<br>110 | TCC<br>Ser        | TAT<br>Tyr        | ACA<br>Thr        | TAC<br>Tyr        | GAG<br>Glu<br>115 | ATC<br>Ile        | CCA<br>Pro        | TTG<br>Leu        | CGC<br>Arg        | GGC<br>Gly<br>120 | CAA<br>Gln        |   | . 447 |
| ACA<br>Thr        | GGA<br>Gly        | ACC<br>Thr        | ATG<br>Met<br>125 | TGG<br>Trp        | TAT<br>Tyr        | CAC<br>His        | GCC<br>Ala        | CAT<br>His<br>130 | CTT<br>Leu        | GCG<br>Ala        | AGT<br>Ser        | CAA<br>Gln        | TAT<br>Tyr<br>135 | GTC<br>Val        | GAT<br>Asp        |   | 495   |
| GGA<br>Gly        | TTG<br>Leu        | CGA<br>Arg<br>140 | GGC<br>Gly        | CCT<br>Pro        | TTG<br>Leu        | GTC<br>Val        | ATC<br>Ile<br>145 | TAT<br>Tyr        | GAT<br>Asp        | CCA<br>Pro        | AAC<br>Asn        | GAC<br>Asp<br>150 | CCA<br>Pro        | CAC<br>His        | AAG<br>Lys        |   | 543   |
| TCG<br>Ser        | CGC<br>Arg<br>155 | TAC<br>Tyr        | GAC<br>Asp        | GTG<br>Val        | GAT<br>Asp        | GAT<br>Asp<br>160 | GCG<br>Ala        | AGC<br>Ser        | ACA<br>Thr        | GTA<br>Val        | GTC<br>Val<br>165 | ATG<br>Met        | CTT<br>Leu        | GAG<br>Glu        | GAC<br>Asp        |   | 591   |
| TGG<br>Trp<br>170 | TAC<br>Tyr        | CAT<br>His        | ACT<br>Thr        | CCG<br>Pro        | GCA<br>Ala<br>175 | CCC<br>Pro        | GTT<br>Val        | CTA<br>Leu        | GAA<br>Glu        | AAG<br>Lys<br>180 | CAA<br>Gln        | ATG<br>Met        | TTC<br>Phe        | TCG<br>Ser        | ACT<br>Thr<br>185 |   | 639   |
| AAT<br>Asn        | AAC<br>Asn        | ACC<br>Thr        | GCT<br>Ala        | CTG<br>Leu<br>190 | CTC<br>Leu        | TCT<br>Ser        | CCT<br>Pro        | GTT<br>Val        | CCG<br>Pro<br>195 | GAC<br>Asp        | TCG<br>Ser        | GGT<br>Gly        | CTT<br>Leu        | ATC<br>Ile<br>200 | AAT<br>Asn        |   | 687   |
| GGC<br>Gly        | AAA<br>Lys        | GGG<br>Gly        | CGC<br>Arg<br>205 | TAT<br>Tyr        | GTG<br>Val        | GGC<br>Gly        | GGT<br>Gly        | CCC<br>Pro<br>210 | GCA<br>Ala        | GTT<br>Val        | CCC<br>Pro        | CGG<br>Arg        | TCA<br>Ser<br>215 | GTA<br>Val        | ATC<br>Ile        |   | 735   |
| AAC<br>Asn        | GTA<br>Val        | AAA<br>Lys<br>220 | CGT<br>Arg        | GGG<br>Gly        | AAA<br>Lys        | CGA<br>Arg        | TAT<br>Tyr<br>225 | CGC               | TTG<br>Leu        | CGC<br>Arg        | GTA<br>Val        | ATC<br>Ile<br>230 | AAC<br>Asn        | GCT<br>Ala        | TCT<br>Ser        |   | 783   |
| GCT<br>Ala        | ATC<br>Ile<br>235 | GGG<br>Gly        | TCG<br>Ser        | TTT<br>Phe        | ACC<br>Thr        | TTT<br>Phe<br>240 | TCG<br>Ser        | ATC               | GAA<br>Glu        | GGA<br>Gly        | CAT<br>His<br>245 | AGT<br>Ser        | CTG<br>Leu        | ACT<br>Thr        | GTC<br>Val        |   | 831   |
| ATT<br>Ile<br>250 | GAG<br>Glu        | GCC<br>Ala        | GAT<br>Asp        | GGG<br>Gly        | ATC<br>Ile<br>255 | CTG<br>Leu        | CAC<br>His        | CAG<br>Gln        | Pro               | TTG<br>Leu<br>260 | GCT<br>Ala        | GTT<br>Val        | GAC<br>Asp        | AGC<br>Ser        | TTC<br>Phe<br>265 |   | 879   |
| CAG<br>Gln        | ATT<br>Ile        | TAC<br>Tyr        | GCT<br>Ala        | GGA<br>Gly<br>270 | CAA<br>Gln        | CGC<br>Arg        | TAC<br>Tyr        | TCT<br>Ser        | GTC<br>Val<br>275 | ATC<br>Ile        | GTT<br>Val        | GAA<br>Glu        | GCC<br>Ala        | AAC<br>Asn<br>280 | CAA<br>Gln        |   | 927   |
| ACC               | GCC<br>Ala        | GCC<br>Ala        | AAC<br>Asn<br>285 | TAC<br>Tyr        | TGG<br>Trp        | ATT<br>Ile        | CGT<br>Arg        | GCA<br>Ala<br>290 | CCA<br>Pro        | ATG<br>Met        | ACC<br>Thr        | GTT<br>Val        | GCA<br>Ala<br>295 | GGA<br>Gly        | GCC<br>Ala        |   | 975   |
| GGA<br>Gly        | ACC<br>Thr        | AAT<br>Asn<br>300 | Ala               | AAC<br>Asn        | TTG<br>Leu        | GAC<br>Asp        | CCC<br>Pro<br>305 | Thr               | AAT<br>Asn        | GTC<br>Val        | TTT               | GCC<br>Ala<br>310 | GTA<br>Val        | TTG<br>Leu        | CAC               |   | 1023  |
| TAC<br>Tyr        | GAG<br>Glu<br>315 | Gly               | GCG               | CCC               | AAC<br>Asn        | GCC<br>Ala<br>320 | GAA<br>Glu        | CCC<br>Pro        | ACG<br>Thr        | ACG<br>Thr        | GAA<br>Glu<br>325 | Gln               | GGC<br>Gly        | AGT<br>Ser        | GCT<br>Ala        |   | 1071  |
| ATC<br>Ile<br>330 | Gly               | ACT<br>Thr        | GCA<br>Ala        | CTC<br>Leu        | GTT<br>Val<br>335 | GAA<br>Glu        | GAG<br>Glu        | AAC<br>Asn        | CTC<br>Leu        | CAT<br>His<br>340 | Ala               | CTC<br>Leu        | ATC<br>Ile        | AAC<br>Asn        | CCT<br>Pro<br>345 |   | 1119  |
| GGC               | GCT               | CCC<br>Pro        | GGC<br>Gly        | GGC<br>Gly<br>350 | Ser               | GCT<br>Ala        | CCC               | GCA<br>Ala        | GAC<br>Asp<br>355 | Val               | TCC               | CTC<br>Leu        | AAT<br>Asn        | CTT<br>Leu<br>360 | GCA<br>Ala        |   | 1167  |

| ATT<br>Ile        | GGG<br>Gly | CGC<br>Arg        | AGC<br>Ser<br>365 | ACA<br>Thr        | GTT<br>Val        | GAT<br>Asp        | GGG<br>Gly        | ATT<br>Ile<br>370 | CTT<br>Leu        | AGG<br>Arg        | TTC<br>Phe | ACA<br>Thr        | TTT<br>Phe<br>375 | AAT<br>Asn        | AAC<br>Asn        | 12:         | 15 |
|-------------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------|----|
| ATC<br>Ile        | AAG<br>Lys | TAC<br>Tyr<br>380 | GAG<br>Glu        | GCT<br>Ala        | CCT<br>Pro        | TCG<br>Ser        | TTG<br>Leu<br>385 | CCC<br>Pro        | ACG<br>Thr        | CTC<br>Leu        | TTG<br>Leu | AAG<br>Lys<br>390 | ATT<br>Ile        | TTG<br>Leu        | GCA<br>Ala        | 120         | 63 |
|                   |            |                   |                   |                   |                   | GCC<br>Ala<br>400 |                   |                   |                   |                   |            |                   |                   |                   |                   | <b>13</b> : | 11 |
| GTA<br>Val<br>410 | TTG<br>Leu | CCA<br>Pro        | CAC<br>His        | AAT<br>Asn        | AAA<br>Lys<br>415 | GTT<br>Val        | ATC<br>Ile        | GAG<br>Glu        | CTC<br>Leu        | AAT<br>Asn<br>420 | ATC<br>Ile | ACC<br>Thr        | GGA<br>Gly        | GGT<br>Gly        | GCA<br>Ala<br>425 | 13          | 59 |
| GAC<br>Asp        | CAC<br>His | CCT<br>Pro        | ATC<br>Ile        | CAT<br>His<br>430 | CTC<br>Leu        | CAC<br>His        | GGC               | CAT<br>His        | GTG<br>Val<br>435 | TTT<br>Phe        | GAT<br>Asp | ATC<br>Ile        | GTC<br>Val        | AAA<br>Lys<br>440 | TCA<br>Ser        | 14          | 07 |
| CTC<br>Leu        | GGT<br>Gly | GGT<br>Gly        | ACC<br>Thr<br>445 | CCG<br>Pro        | AAC<br>Asn        | TAT<br>Tyr        | GTC<br>Val        | AAC<br>Asn<br>450 | CCG<br>Pro        | CCA<br>Pro        | CGC<br>Arg | AGG<br>Arg        | GAC<br>Asp<br>455 | GTA<br>Val        | GTT<br>Val        | 14          | 55 |
| CGT<br>Arg        | GTC<br>Val | GGA<br>Gly<br>460 | Gly               | ACC<br>Thr        | GGT<br>Gly        | GTG<br>Val        | GTA<br>Val<br>465 | CTC<br>Leu        | CGA<br>Arg        | TTC<br>Phe        | AAG<br>Lys | ACC<br>Thr<br>470 | GAT<br>Asp        | AAC<br>Asn        | CCA<br>Pro        | 15          | 03 |
|                   |            |                   |                   |                   |                   | TGC<br>Cys<br>480 |                   |                   |                   |                   |            |                   |                   |                   |                   | 15          | 51 |
| CTC<br>Leu<br>490 | GCA<br>Ala | CTT<br>Leu        | GTC<br>Val        | TTT<br>Phe        | GCC<br>Ala<br>495 | GAG<br>Glu        | GCC<br>Ala        | CCC               | AGC<br>Ser        | CAG<br>Gln<br>500 | ATT<br>Ile | CGC<br>Arg        | CAG<br>Gln        | GGT<br>Gly        | GTC<br>Val<br>505 | <b>15</b> : | 99 |
|                   |            |                   |                   |                   |                   | AAT<br>Asn        |                   |                   |                   |                   |            |                   |                   |                   |                   | 16          | 47 |
|                   |            |                   |                   |                   |                   | TTG<br>Leu        | _                 |                   |                   |                   |            |                   |                   |                   |                   | 16          | 72 |

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:14:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 529 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:14:

Met Leu Ser Ser Ile Thr Leu Leu Pro Leu Leu Ala Ala Val Ser Thr 1 5 10 15

Pro Ala Phe Ala Ala Val Arg Asn Tyr Lys Phe Asp Ile Lys Asn Val 20 25 30

Asn Val Ala Pro Asp Gly Phe Gln Arg Ser Ile Val Ser Val Asn Gly 35 40

Leu Val Pro Gly Thr Leu Ile Thr Ala Asn Lys Gly Asp Thr Leu Arg 50 55 60

|   | Ile<br>65  | Asn        | Val        | Thr        | Asn        | Gln<br>70  | Leu        | Thr        | Asp        | Pro        | Ser<br>75  | Met        | Arg        | Arg        | Ala        | Thr<br>80  |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| • | Thr        | Ile        | His        | Trp        | His<br>85  | Gly        | Leu        | Phe        | Gln        | Ala<br>90  | Thr        | Thr        | Ala        | Asp        | Glu<br>95  | Asp        |
|   | Gly        | Pro        | Ala        | Phe<br>100 | Val        | Thr        | Gln        | Cys        | Pro<br>105 | Ile        | Ala        | Gln        | Asn        | Leu<br>110 | Ser        | Tyr        |
|   | Thr        | Tyr        | Glu<br>115 | Ile        | Pro        | Leu        | Arg        | Gly<br>120 | Gĺn        | Thr        | Gly        | Thr        | Met<br>125 | Trp        | Tyr        | His        |
|   | Ala        | His<br>130 | Leu        | Ala        | Ser        | Glņ        | Tyr<br>135 | Val        | Asp        | Gly        | Leu        | Arg<br>140 | Gly        | Pro        | Leu        | Val        |
|   | Ile<br>145 | Tyr        | Asp        | Pro        | Asn        | Asp<br>150 | Pro        | His        | Lys        | Ser        | Arg<br>155 | Tyr        | Asp        | Val        | Asp        | Asp<br>160 |
|   | Ala        | Ser        | Thr        | Val        | Val<br>165 | Met        | Leu        | Glu        | Asp        | Trp<br>170 |            | His        | Thr        | Pro        | Ala<br>175 | Pro        |
|   | Val        | Leu        | Glu        | Lys<br>180 | Gln        | Met        | Phe        | Ser        | Thr<br>185 | Asn        | Asn        | Thr        | Ala        | Leu<br>190 | Leu        | Ser        |
|   | Pro        | Val        | Pro<br>195 | Asp        | Ser        | Gly        | Leu        | Ile<br>200 | Asn        | Gly        | Lys        | Gly        | Arg<br>205 | Tyr        | Val        | Gly        |
|   | Gly        | Pro<br>210 | Ala        | Val        | Pro        | Arg        | Ser<br>215 | Val        | Ile        | Asn        | Val        | Lys<br>220 | Arg        | Gly        | Lys        | Arg        |
|   | Tyr<br>225 | Arg        | Leu        | Arg        | Val        | Ile<br>230 | Asn        | Ala        | Ser        | Ala        | Ile<br>235 | Gly        | Ser        | Phe        | Thr        | Phe<br>240 |
|   | Ser        | Ile        | Glu        | Gly        | His<br>245 | Ser        | Leu        | Thr        | Val        | Ile<br>250 | Glu        | Ala        | Asp        | Gly        | Ile<br>255 | Leu        |
|   | His        | Gln        | Pro        | Leu<br>260 | Ala        | Val        | Asp        | Ser        | Phe<br>265 | Gln        | Ile        | Tyr        | Ala        | Gly<br>270 | Gln        | Arg        |
|   | -          |            | 275        |            |            |            |            | 280        |            |            |            |            | 285        |            | Trp        |            |
|   |            | 290        |            |            | •          |            | 295        | •          |            |            |            | 300        |            |            | Leu        |            |
|   | 305        |            |            |            | •          | 310        |            |            |            |            | 315        |            |            |            | Asn        | 320        |
|   |            |            | ٠.         |            | 325        |            |            |            | •          | 330        |            |            |            |            | Va1<br>335 | ٠,         |
|   | . *        |            |            | 340        |            |            |            |            | 345        |            |            |            |            | 350        | Ser        |            |
|   |            |            | 355        |            |            |            |            | 360        | 7          |            |            |            | 365        |            | Val        |            |
|   |            | 370        |            |            |            |            | 375        | ;          | •          |            |            | 380        |            |            | Pro        |            |
|   | 385        |            |            |            |            | 390        | )          |            |            | -;         | 395        |            | •          |            | Asp        | 400        |
|   |            | •          |            |            | 405        | 5          |            |            |            | 410        |            |            |            |            | Lys<br>415 |            |
|   | Ile        | Glu        | Let        | ı Asr      | ı Ile      | Thr        | Gly        | / Gly      | Ala        | a Asp      | His        | Pro        | Ile        | His        | Leu        | His        |

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420 425 430

Gly His Val Phe Asp Ile Val Lys Ser Leu Gly Gly Thr Pro Asn Tyr 435 440 445

Val Asn Pro Pro Arg Arg Asp Val Val Arg Val Gly Gly Thr Gly Val 450 455 460.

Val Leu Arg Phe Lys Thr Asp Asn Pro Gly Pro Trp Phe Val His Cys 465 470 475 480

His Ile Asp Trp His Leu Glu Ala Gly Leu Ala Leu Val Phe Ala Glu 485 490 495

Ala Pro Ser Gln Ile Arg Gln Gly Val Gln Ser Val Gln Pro Asn Asn 500 510

Ala Trp Asn Gln Leu Cys Pro Lys Tyr Ala Ala Leu Pro Pro Asp Leu 515 520 525

Gln

# What we claim is:

- 1. A nucleic acid fragment containing a nucleic acid sequence encoding a *Rhizoctonia* laccase which functions optimally at pH between about 6.0 and 8.5.
  - 2. The fragment of Claim 1 which comprises a sequence encoding a Rhizoctonia solani laccase.
- 3. The fragment of Claim 1 which comprises a nucleic acid sequence encoding the amino acid sequence depicted in SEQ ID NO. 2.
- 4. The fragment of Claim 1 which comprises a nucleic acid sequence encoding the amino acid sequence depicted in SEQ ID NO. 4.
- 5. The fragment of Claim 1, which comprises a nucleic acid sequence encoding a protein containing one or more of the amino acid sequences depicted in SEQ. ID NOS. 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, or 12.
- 6. The fragment of Claim 1 which comprises a nucleic acid sequence encoding the amino acid sequence depicted in SEQ ID NO. 14.
  - 7. The fragment of Claim 1, which comprises the nucleic acid sequence depicted in SEQ ID NO. 1.
- 30 8. The fragment of Claim 1, which comprises the nucleic acid sequence depicted in SEQ. ID. NO. 3.

9. The fragment of Claim 1, which comprises the nucleic acid sequence depicted in SEQ. ID. NO. 13.

- 10. The fragment of Claim 1, which comprises the nucleic scid sequence contained in NRRL B-21141.
  - 11. The fragment of Claim 1, which comprises the nucleic acid sequence contained in NRRL B-21142.
- 10 12. The fragment of Claim 1, which comprises the nucleic acid sequence encoding the laccase produced by RS 22.
  - 13. The fragment of Claim 1, which comprises the nucleic acid sequence contained in NRRL B-21156.

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- 14. A substantially pure *Rhizoctonia* laccase enzyme which functions optimally at a pH between about 6.0-8.5.
- 15. The enzyme of Claim 14 which is a Rhizoctonia solani 20 laccase.
  - 16. The enzyme of Claim 14 which comprises the sequence depicted in SEQ ID NO. 2, or a sequence with at least 80% homology thereto.
  - 17. The enzyme of Claim 14 which comprises the sequence depicted in SEQ ID NO 4, or a sequence with at least 80% homology thereto.
- 30 18. The enzyme of Claim 14 which comprises one or more of the peptide sequences depicted in SEQ ID NOS.5, 6, 7,

8, 9, 10, 11 or 12, or a sequence with at least 80% homology to one or more of these peptides.

- 19. The enzyme of Claim 14 which comprises the sequence 5 depicted in SEQ ID NO 14, or a sequence with at least 80% homology thereto.
- 20. A recombinant vector comprising a nucleic acid fragment containing a nucleic acid sequence encoding a *Rhizoctonia*10 laccase which functions optimally at pH between about 6.0-8.5.
  - 21. The vector of Claim 20 in which the fragment is operably linked to a promoter sequence.

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- 22. The vector of Claim 21 in which the promoter is a fungal or yeast promoter.
- 23. The vector of Claim 22 in which the promoter is the 20 TAKA amylase promoter of Aspergillus oryzae.
  - 24. The vector of Claim 22 in which the promoter is the glucoamylase (gluA) promoter of Aspergillus niger or Aspergillus awamsii.
  - 25. The vector of Claim 21 which also comprises a selectable marker.
- 26. The vector of Claim 25 in which the selectable marker is the amdS marker of Aspergillus nidulans or Aspergillus oryzae.

- 27. The vector of Claim 25 in which the selectable marker is the pyrG marker of Aspergillus nidulans, Aspergillus niger, Aspergillus awamorii, or Aspergillus oryzae.
- 5 28. The vector of Claim 21 which comprises both the TAKA amylase promoter of Aspergillus oryzae and the amdS or pyrG marker of Aspergillus nidulans or Aspergillus oryzae.
- 29. A host cell comprising a heterologous nucleic acid
  10 fragment containing a nucleic acid sequence encoding a
  Rhizoctonia laccase which functions optimally at pH between
  about 6.0-8.5.
  - 30. The host cell of Claim 28 which is a fungal cell.

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- 31. The host cell of Claim 30 which is an Aspergillus cell.
- 32. The host cell of Claim 29 in which the fragment is integrated into the host cell genome.

- 33. The host cell of Claim 29 in which the fragment is contained on a vector.
- 34. The host cell of Claim 29 which comprises a fragment containing a sequence encoding the amino acid sequence depicted in SEQ ID NO. 2.
- 35. The host cell of Claim 29 which comprises a fragment containing a sequence encoding the amino acid sequence 30 depicted in SEQ ID NO: 4.

- 36. The host cell of Claim 29 which comprises a fragment containing a sequence encoding the amino acid sequence depicted in SEQ ID NO: 14.
- 5 37. The host cell of Claim 29 which comprises a fragment containing a sequence encoding one or more of the amino acid sequences depicted in SEQ ID NOS.: 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, or 12.
- 10 38. A method for obtaining a laccase enzyme which functions optimally at a pH between about 6.0-8.5 which comprises culturing a host cell comprising a nucleic acid fragment containing a nucleic acid sequence encoding a *Rhizoctonia* laccase enzyme which functions optimally at a pH between about 6.0-8.5, under conditions conducive to expression of the enzyme, and recovering the enzyme from the culture.
- 39. A method for polymerizing a lignin or lignosulfate substrate in solution which comprises contacting the substrate with a *Rhizoctonia* laccase which functions optimally at a pH between about 6.0-8.5.
- 40. A method for in situ depolymerization in Kraft pulp which comprises contacting the pulp with a *Rhizoctonia*25 laccase which functions optimally at a pH between about 6.0-8.5.
- 41. A method for oxidizing dyes which comprises contacting the dye with a *Rhizoctonia* laccase which functions optimally at a pH between about 6.0-8.5.

42. A method of polymerizing a phenolic compounds which comprises contacting the phenolic compound with a *Rhizoctonia* laccase which functions optimally at a pH between about 6.0-8.5.

| 540<br>90 | 481 tactaatacatccgtcgctaaatatcttgtagCATTGGCACGGTCTCTTACAACATAGAA<br>81                                   | 48<br>8            |
|-----------|--|--------------------|
| 480       | 421 AACAAGCTCACGAATCTGTATCGCACCACTTCCATCGtatgttcgttcgatatc<br>67 N K L T N P E M Y R T T S I             | 42                 |
| 420       | 361 GGGTATCCCGGTCCACTCTTTTGCCAACAGGGGGATACTCTCAAAGTCAAGGTCCAA  | 36                 |
| 360       | N 301 GGgtacgcactccttgtaatccaacaattcaaggtttctgatgcttggtcagTAAATGGA<br>- 44                               | 7 2 1<br>7 2 1     |
| 300       | $_1$ CGGCTTGAAGATTAGGGAGATAGCTCCTGACGGTGTTAAGCGTAATGCGACTTT $_4$ G L K I S D G E I A P D G V K R N A T L | 241<br><b>-</b> 24 |
| 240<br>24 | 181 CACTITICCTIGICICGITITICGCTCTITICCGCTCGCGCCGCCGTCGAGTA<br>4 T F L V S V S L F V S A V L A R T V E Y   | 18                 |
| 180       | 121 AGATTTCGATATCCCCTCTCGTCTCGGTTTTTGGTCTCGGCTTGCCTCTAATGGCGCGCAC  | 12                 |
| 120       | 61 AACCACTGTTCATCTCGCGAGCTAACATGGGCGACGTATAAGAAGAACGCGAGAATGGGC  | 9.                 |
| 9         | 1 AGCGTCACACCAGACATCGGATGAAACGGAAAGTGTATGCGCCATTTGACGTCTGCGGC  |                    |

| 1020<br>185 | 961 GTCCAAGGCAATCCTTGCTTCTGGTAACATTACCCGACAGtaagtgatacatgccggtcc  | 96         |
|-------------|---|------------|
| 960         | 11 TITGIAIGAIGAIGAIGAGACCGICCIGAICAICGGGGACTGGTAICAIGAAIC   | 901<br>152 |
| 900         | 1 tagctctggatcttcatttctcacgtaatacatgatagATCCCAAGGATCCTCACAGGCG<br>4                                     | 841<br>144 |
| 840<br>145  | $1$ actgaaggcaacgagactaaaaacaagcgtcgattcacagATGgttcgtctccctttatt $^4$                                   | 781<br>144 |
| 780         | 1 TCGCAATACGTTGATGGTCTTCGAGGCCCGCTGGTAATCTGtgagtatcttgacttgtct $1$ S Q Y V D G L R G P L V I            | 721        |
| 720         | 661 ACTTACACCATACCTCACAACCGGAACCTATTGGTACCATAGCCACTTGAGT<br>111 T Y T I P L D D Q T G T Y W Y H S H L S | 66<br>11   |
| 660<br>111  | 601 actctctgttaaccgacaacccgatgtcaccagTGCCCGATTGTTCCACGCGAGTCGTAT<br>C P I V P R E S Y                   | 10         |
| 102         | 541 ACGCCGACGACGGTCCTTCGTTCACTCAGgtaggattctggaaggttggcctga<br>90 N A D D G P S F V T Q                  | 54         |

F 16. 1E

| 1080<br>194 | 1140  | 1200  | 1260  | 1320  | 1380  | 1440  | 1500   | 1560  |
|-------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|
|             | 081 CAAAGGTCGATTTGACCTGACACTCCTGCCAACCCAGATACTCTGTACACCCTCAA<br>194 K G R F D P D N T P A N P D T L Y T L K | 1141 GGTCAAGCGAAGCGCTATCGTCTGCGTGTCAATAGCTCGGAGATCGCTTCGTT<br>214 V K R G K R Y R L R V I N S S E I A S F | 1201 CCGATTCAGTGTGAAGGTGACTGTGATTGCTGCCGATGGCGTCTCTACCAA<br>234 R F S V E G H K V T V I A A D G V S T K | 261 ACCGTATCAGGTCGATGCGTTTGATATTCTAGCAGGACAGCGCATAGATTGCGTCGtaag<br>254 P Y Q V D A F D I L A G Q R I D C V | $21$ tgtcgtccgaacccacatctgagctcaagtgttgatacatgcgcgcttatagGTGGAGGC $_{ m V}$ | 1381 GAACCAAGAACCCGACATACTGGATCAACGCACCGCTGACCAACAAGAC<br>275 N Q E P D T Y W I N A P L T N V P N K T | 441 CGCTCAGGCTCTCCTCGTTTATGAGGAGGATCGTCGGCCGTACCACCCTCCAAAGGGCCCC<br>295 A Q A L L V Y E E D R R P Y H P P K G P | 1501 GTATCGCAAGTGGAGCGTCTCTGAGGCGATCATCAAGTACTGGAATCACAAGCACAAGCA |
| 1021        | 1081  | 114   | 12(   | 1261<br>254   | 1321  | 13.   | 1441   | 15.   |

F 1 G. 10

| 620<br>340   | 1680<br>350  | 1740 | 365<br>365   | 1860<br>374 | 1920  | 1980        | 2040  | 2100<br>427   |
|--|--|------|--|-------------|---|-------------|---|---|
| CGGACGTGGTTTGCTCTCTGGACGTCTCAAGGCTCGGATGATCGAGGGTAGCCA 1620<br>G R G L L S G H G G L K A R M I E G S H 340 | TCATCTGCATTCGCGCGCGTCGTTAAGCGCCCAGAATGAGACCACCACTGTTGTAATGGA |      | tcaacttttcttagCCACTGGAATACCCCGGCGCTGCATGCGGGTCTAAACCTGCTGACC 1800<br>P L E Y P G A A C G S K P A D 365 |             | ► 1861 aatattgttgtgtgtgtagAACTTTGCTACCGGGCACTGGATGATCAACGGTATCCCAT<br>NFATGHWMINGIP |             | $\mathtt{AGTCTGACTTgtatgttcccttttcggtatcttcgtatgcgtgcactgactcgtgctggt}$ | gggaatttagCACCAAGGAGCACACAGTCATACTCCCGAAGAACAAATGCATCGAAT $_{ m T}$ K $_{ m E}$ E $_{ m H}$ T V $_{ m I}$ L $_{ m P}$ K N K C $_{ m I}$ E |
| 1561<br>335  | 1621<br>340  | 1681 | 1741   | 1801        | 4 1861<br>7 374   | 1921<br>387 | 1981<br>407   | 2041  |

F16.1E

2700 2641 TIGGIGATGATIGAAAGTIGCATCTIGITCCTATAACCGGCTCTTATATACGGGTGTCTC 2760 CCAGTAAAGTCGTAGCCCAATTTCAGCCGAGACAGATATTTAGTGGACTCTTACTCTTGT 2701

2820 2761 GTCCCATTGACGCACATCGTTGCATCAAACCTGCTTTTTATCGTCCCTCTTTTGTAATTTG 2838

2821 TGTTGCTGTAATGTATCG

· 16. 1F

F 1 G. 2A

| 720  | 780  | 840<br>103   | 900   | 960<br>137  | 1020<br>145   | 1080  | 1140<br>160  | 1200  |
|--|--|--|---|---|---|---|--|---|
| 661 CCAACTATGCGAAGGAGCACGACCATCGŁtagtacttcccctcatctgtcttgaaacttt<br>73 P T M R R S T T I | 1 ctcatctttttgaagCACTGGCACGGTCTGCTCCAACACAGGACGGCAGAAGAAGATGG<br>A W H G L L Q H R T A E E D G | 781 CCCGGCCTTTGTAACCCAGGtatgccttatcctatcgctgctctgtccccgcgtccttcc<br>97 P A F V T Q | 841 ctgactcgggcgattctagTGCCCGATTCCTCCGCAAGAATCGTACACCTATACGATGCC<br>103 | 1 GCTCGGCGAACAGACCGGCACGTATTGGTACCACCAGCTCCCAGTATGTGGA<br>7 L G E Q T G T Y W Y H S H L S S Q Y V D | CGGGTTGCGTGGCCCATCGTTATTTGtaagtcttcatttaaccttattcttggctatgg | ctgattgtgacgtcgtggttagATGgttcgtggcttccacaagaagtcagcagccttga $_{ m Y}$ | 1 agctaactttattccagACCCCCACGACCCGTACAGAAACTACTATGATGTCGACGACGA 1140<br>5 Y R N Y Y D V D E 160 | 1141 GCGTACGGTCTTTAGCAGACTGGTACCACACGCCGTCGGAGGCTATCATTGCCAC<br>160 R T V F T L A D W Y H T P S E A I I A T |
| 99   | 721  | 78   | 841   | 901<br>117  | 5 961<br>\$ 137   | 1021<br>145   | 1081   | 111   |

F 1 G. 2B

| 1260<br>185  | 1320  | 1380 | 1440   | 1500<br>262  | 1560   | 1620<br>282  | 1680<br>302   | 1740<br>322  |
|--|---|------|--|--|--|--|---|--|
| 1201 CCACGATGTCTTGAAAACgtacgcgttaatccttctagctttctttccttgggtcacttt<br>180 H D V L K T | 1261 ctatcagGATCCCCGACTCGGGTACGATCAACGGCAAAAGGCAAATACGATCCTGCTTCGG<br>185 I P D S G T I N G K G K Y D P A S |      | 1381 GGTATCGCCTGAGGATTATCAACGCCTCGGCCATCGCTTCCGGTTCGGCGTGCAGG<br>222 R Y R L R I I N A S A I A S F R F G V Q | 1441 GCCACAAGTGCACGATCATCGAGGCTGATGGCGTCCTCACCAAACCGATCGAGGTCGATG<br>242 G H K C T I E A D G V L T K P I E V D | )<br>1501 CGTTTGATATTCTAGCAGGCCAGAGGTATAGCTGCATCGtaagtctacctatgccttgtt<br>1562 A F D I L A G Q R Y S C I | 1561 gtggagataagaacctgactgaatgtatgcgctccaatagTTGAAGGCCGACCAAGATCC<br>275 | 1621 TGATTCCTACTGGATAAATGCGCCAATCACAAGGTTCTCAACACCAACGTCCAGGCATT<br>282 D S Y W I N A P I T N V L N T N V Q A L | 1681 GCTAGTGTATGAAGATGACAAGCGTCCTACTCACTACCCCTGGAAGCCGTTTTTGACATG<br>302 L V Y E D D K R P T H Y P W K P F L T W |
|  |   |      |  |  | 0/21   |  |   |  |

F 1 6. 20

| 1800  | 1860<br>362  | 1920<br>349   | 1980<br>361  | 2040<br>361  | 2100   | 2160<br>385 | 2220<br>401  | 2280<br>421  |
|---|--|---|--|--|--|-------------|--|--|
| 1741 GAAGATATCAAATGAAATCATTCAGTACTGGCAGGCACGGTCGCACGGTCACAA 1800<br>322 K I S N E I I Q Y W Q H K H G S H G H K 342 | GGGAAAGGGGCATCATAAAGTCCGGGCCATTGGAGGTGTATCCGGGTTGAGCTCCAG<br>G K G H H H K V R A I G G V S G L S S R | GGTTAAGAGCCGGGCGAGTGACCTATCGAAGAAGGCTGTTGGCTGCTGCTGCTCGT<br>V K S R A S D L S K K A V E L A A A L V | TGCGGGTGAGGCCGAGTTGGACAAGAGGAATGAGGATAATTCGACTATTGTATTGGA<br>A G E A E L D K R Q N E D N S T I V L D | TGAGACCAAGCTTATTgtaagtcccttaatttttttcggtgtcacggaagctaacccgcg | taatagccgrrcgrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcrcr |             | gggtgggctatagaac $_{ m N}$ f a N G L W T I N N V S Y S P | 2221 TCCGGATGTCCCTACTCTCCTCAGATCTTGACCGACAAAGTCGACGCTTCTGA 2280<br>401 P D V P T L L K I L T D K D K V D A S D 421 |
| 1743  | 1801<br>342  | 1861<br>349   | 1921<br>349  | 1981<br><b>1</b> 361   | 2 2041 t 361                                 | 2101        | 2161<br>385  | 222  |

F | G | 2|

|                         | CAAGGGA 2400<br>K G 453   | scactgtt 2460<br>466   | CAATTCGG 2520<br>Q F G 475   | ACTGATGC 2580<br>T D A 495   |
|-------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| <b>[</b> Σ <sub>4</sub> | 1341 GCCGATGAACACGTATATTCTTCCAAAGAACCAAGTTGTCGAGTTGCACATCAAGGGA 2400<br>423 A D E H T Y I L P K N Q V V E L H I K G 453 | 401 CAGGCTTTGGGAATCGTACACCCCTTCATCTGCATGGCgtacgtcttctcacactgtt 2460<br>453 Q A L G I V H P L H L H G | 461 ccagctcctattctctaacacactcctgcgatagCATGCGTTCGACGTCGTCCAATTCGG 2520<br>466 | 1521 CGACAACGCTCCAAACTACGTGAACCCTCCGCGTAGGGATGTAGTAGGCGTAACTGATGC 2580 |
| 1775                    | 341<br>423  | 401  | 466  | 521  |

2700 516

495

2641 513

TGGAGTCCGTATCCAGTTCAGAACCGATAACCCGGGCCCTTGGTTCCTCCATTGGtatgc 2640

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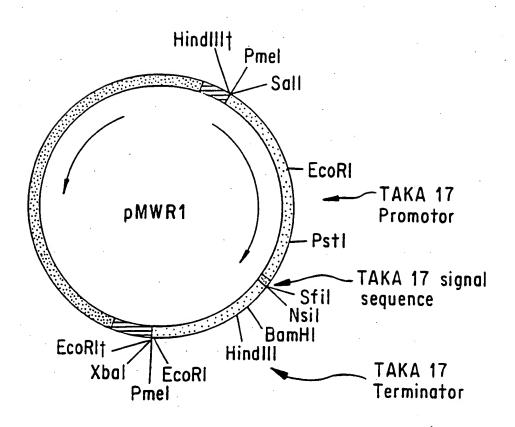
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tetteatetecacegettgttetttaettatggtttacettgegatttagCCACATTGA

| *  |   |   |                               | •      |
|--|---|---|-------------------------------|--------|
| 2880   | 2940<br>562   | 3000  | •<br>:                        |        |
| 2821 AGGCTCTCAGAGTGTCAAGCCTGACGACAATGGAAGAAACTATGCGAGAAGTATGAGAA 2880<br>536 G S Q S V K P D G Q W K K L C E K Y E K 556 | 2881 GTTGCCTGAAGTTGCAGTTGCAGTTTCCCATTCGGGAACTGGCTCACTAT 2940<br>556 L P E A L Q * | 2941 TCCTTTTGCATAATTCGGACTTTTATTTGGGACATTATTGGACTATGCATTTGTC 3000 | 3001 ACACCGCGGAACTAAGCCGAATTC | F16.2F |



F1G. 3

| 132<br>GCC<br> | 186<br>CCC      | 240<br>TTG     | 294<br>ACG     | 348<br>GCT<br> |
|----------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| CCC            | GCT             | ACG            | CTC            | CAA            |
| ACC            | GTC             | ນ<br>ນອອ       | CAA            | TTC            |
| 123<br>TCA     | 177<br>AAT<br>N | 231<br>CCT<br> | 285<br>AAT<br> | 339<br>TTG     |
| GTC            | GTC             | GTT            | ACG            | GGA            |
| GCG            | AAC             | TTA            | GTC            | CAT<br>        |
| 114<br>GCT     | 168<br>AAG      | 222<br>GGT     | 276<br>AAT<br> | 330<br>TGG     |
| CTC            | ATC             | AAC            | ATT<br>        | CAT            |
| TTG            | GAC             | GTC            | CGC            | ATT            |
| 105<br>CCT     | 159<br>TTC      | 213<br>TCC     | 267<br>TTG     | 321<br>ACG     |
| CTA            | AAG             | GTC            | ACC            | ACA            |
| CTC            | TAT<br>         | ATC            | GAC            | GCC<br>A       |
| 96<br>ACC<br>  | 150<br>AAC      | 204<br>TCT     | 258<br>GGT     | 312<br>CGT<br> |
| ATT<br>        | CGC             | CGC            |                |                |
| AGC            | GTC             | CAG            | AAC            | ATG            |
| 87<br>TCT<br>  | 141<br>GCC      | 195<br>TTT<br> | 249<br>GCC<br> | 303<br>AGT     |
| CTT            | GCT             | 200            | ACG            | CCT            |
| ATG            | TYT             | GAT<br>D       | ATC            | GAC            |
| _              |                 |                | 4 / 0 4        | · · · · ·      |

F16.4A

|            | •            |            | •              |            |             |            |          |            |              |
|------------|--------------|------------|----------------|------------|-------------|------------|----------|------------|--------------|
| 402<br>CAA | Ø            | 456<br>TGG | 3              | 510<br>GTC | >           | 564<br>AGC | S        | 618<br>AAG | ×            |
|            | A            | ATG        | X              | TTG        | <b>ப</b> ். | 909        | 4        | GAA        | ы            |
|            | н            | ACC        | Ħ              | CCT        | <u>.</u>    | GAT        | Ω        | CTA        | ı            |
| 393<br>CCT | <u>р</u>     | 447<br>GGA | Ü              | 501<br>GGC | ပ           | 555<br>GAT | Ω        | 609<br>GTT | >            |
| TGC        | U            | ACA        | €              | CGA        | <b>K</b>    | GTG        | >        | CCC        | Д            |
| CAA        | a            | CAA        | α <sub>.</sub> | TTG        | ū           | GAC        | Ω        | GCA        | æ            |
| 384<br>ACG | Ħ            | 438<br>GGC | ຽ              | 492<br>GGA | ဗ           | 546<br>TAC | ₩        | 9009       | Д.           |
| GTC        | >            | 292        | ĸ              | GAT        | Q           | 292        | ĸ        | ACT        | E            |
| TTC        | . म्प        | TTG        | J.             | GTC        | >           | TCG        | ß        | CAT        | H            |
| 375<br>GCA | æ            | 429<br>CCA | <u>р</u> ,     | 483<br>TAT | ×           | 537<br>AAG | ×        | 591<br>TAC | >            |
| 222        | ᅀ            | ATC        | Н              | CAA        | Ø           | CAC        | H        | TGG        | 3            |
| 200        | Ö            | GAG        | Щ              | AGT        | S           | CCA        | <b>A</b> | GAC        | Δ            |
| 366<br>GAT | Ω,           | 420<br>TAC | >              | 474<br>GCG | A           | 528<br>GAC | D        | 582<br>GAG | 回            |
| GAG        | ы            | ACA        | <b>€</b> →     | CIT        | J           | AAC        | Z        | CTT        | Ţ            |
| GAC        | Ω            | TAT        | <b>&gt;</b> +  | CAT        | H           | CCA        | Д        | ATG        | Σ            |
| 357<br>GCC | K            | 411<br>TCC | ഗ              | 465<br>GCC | A           | 519<br>GAT | D        | 573<br>GTC | >            |
| ACT ACC    | E            | TTG        | ı              | S          | H           | _          | >        | GTA        | <b> </b> >   |
| ACT        | <br>  E+<br> | AAT        | Z              |            | <b>!</b> >- | ATC        | Н        | ACA        | <br>  E+<br> |
|            |              |            | •              |            |             | 4 = 1.0    |          |            |              |

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| 672<br>GGT     | 726<br>GTA<br>                  | 780<br>GCT<br> | 834<br>GCC<br> | 888<br>GGA<br><br>G |
|----------------|---------------------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------------|
| TCG            | TCA                             | TCT            | GAG<br>B       | GCT                 |
| GAC            | CGG                             | GCT            | ATT<br>        | TAC                 |
| 663<br>CCG     | 717<br>CCC                      | 771<br>AAC<br> | 825<br>GTC<br> | 879<br>ATT<br>      |
| GTT            | GTT                             | ATC            | ACT            | CAG                 |
| CCT            | GCA                             | GTA<br>V       | CTG            | TTC                 |
| 654<br>TCT     | 708<br>CCC                      | 762<br>CGC     | 816<br>AGT     | 870<br>AGC          |
| CTC            | GGT                             | TTG            | CAT            | GAC                 |
| CTG            | 9                               | 000<br>1 K     | 66A            | GTT<br>             |
| 645<br>GCT     | 699<br>GTG                      | 753<br>TAT<br> | 807<br>GAA<br> | 861<br>GCT          |
| ACC            | TAT                             | CGA            | ATC            | TTG                 |
| AAC            | CGC                             | AAA<br>        | TCG            | CCC                 |
| 636<br>AAT<br> | 9<br>9<br>9<br>9<br>9<br>9<br>9 | 744<br>GGG     | 798<br>TTT<br> | 852<br>CAG          |
| ACT            | AAA                             | CGT            | ACC            | CAC                 |
| TCG            | 200                             | AAA<br>        | TTT<br>        | CTG<br>             |
| 627<br>TTC<br> | 681<br>AAT                      | 735<br>GTA<br> | 789<br>TCG     | 843<br>ATC          |
| ATG            | ATC<br>                         | AAC            | 500            | 555                 |
| CAA            |                                 | ATC            | ATC            | GAT                 |
|                |                                 |                | 16/21          |                     |

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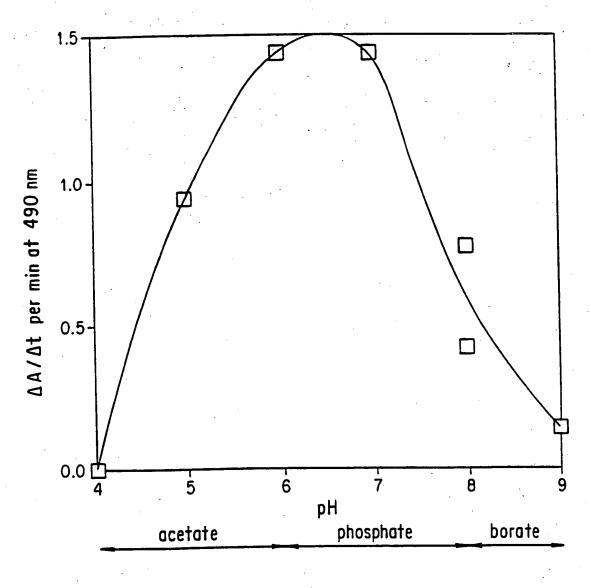
| 942<br>ATT<br> | 996<br>ACC<br>  | 1050<br>ACG ACG<br> | 1104<br>AT GCG CTC<br><br>I A L | 1158<br>AAT CTT<br><br>N L |
|----------------|-----------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|
| TGG            | CCC             | ACG                 | GCG<br>PA                       | AAT                        |
| TAC '          | GAC             | o i T               | 5 1 7                           | CTC                        |
| 933<br>AAC     | 987<br>TTG      | 1041<br>GCC GAA<br> | 1095<br>AAC CTC<br>             | 11149<br>TCC               |
| 000<br>1 4     | AAC             | GCC                 | AAC                             | GTT<br>                    |
| SCC<br>B       | GCA             | AAC                 | GAG                             | GAC                        |
| 924<br>ACC<br> | 978<br>AAT<br>  | 1032<br>GCG CCC     | 1086<br>GTT GAA (               | 1140<br>CCC GCA<br>        |
| CAA            | ACC             |                     | GTT                             | CCC 23                     |
| AAC            | GGA             | GGA                 | CTC                             | GCT                        |
| 915<br>GCC     | 969<br>GCC<br>A | 1023<br>TAC GAG<br> | 1077<br>ACT GCA (               | 1131<br>C TCC (            |
| GAA<br>        | GGA             | TAC                 | ACT                             | 9                          |
| GTT            | GCA             | CAC                 | GGT                             | 999                        |
| 906<br>ATC<br> | 960<br>GTT      | 1014<br>TTG         | 1068<br>ATC<br>                 | 1122<br>CCG<br>            |
| GTC            | ACC             | GTA                 | GCT                             | GCT                        |
| TCT            | ATG<br>         | GCC                 | AGT                             | D                          |
| 897<br>TAC     | 951<br>CCA<br>  | 1005<br>TTT         | 1059<br>GGC<br>                 | 1113<br>CCT<br>            |
| )<br>)<br>(3)  | GCA             | GTC                 | CAA O                           | AAC                        |
| CAA            | CGT             | AAT                 | GAA                             | ATC                        |
|                | _               | •                   |                                 | •                          |

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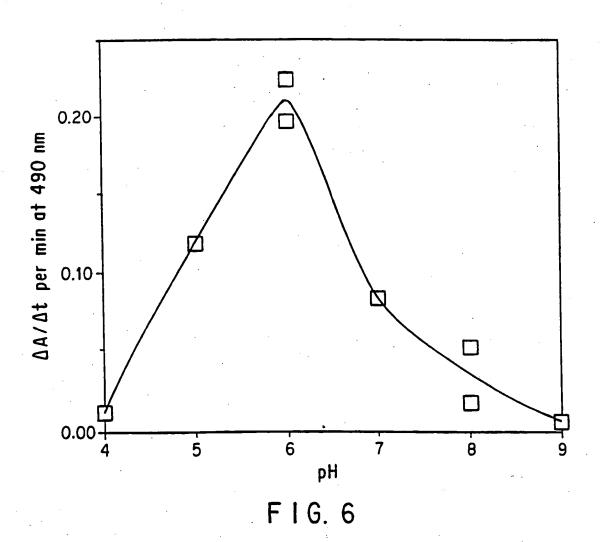
| •                   |              |                       |             | •                     |               |                   |        |                     | •             |
|---------------------|--------------|-----------------------|-------------|-----------------------|---------------|-------------------|--------|---------------------|---------------|
| 1212<br>AAC ATC     | H.           | 1266<br>AAT GCG       | K           | 1320<br>CAC AAT       | Z             | 1374<br>CTC CAC   | Ħ      | 1428<br>GTC AAC     | z             |
| AAC                 | Z            | AAT                   | Z           | CAC                   | H             | CTC               | ā      | GTC                 | >             |
| AAT                 | z            | AAC                   | Z           | CCA                   | д             | CAT               | H      | TAT                 | <b>&gt;</b>   |
| 1203<br>TTT         | <br>  [4<br> | .257<br>GCA           | 4           | 1311<br>TTG           | ᆸ .           | 1365<br>ATC       | Н      | 419<br>AAC          | Z             |
| ACA                 |              | 1257<br>TTG GCA 7     | J           | GTA                   | <b>&gt;</b> . | Ϋ́                | Δ,     | 1419<br>CCG AAC     | ۵,            |
| TTC                 | i<br>Li      | 1248<br>TTG AAG ATT 1 | Н           | XTC -                 | н             | AC                | H      | ACC                 | Ę             |
| 1194                | L H          | 1248<br>AAG           | ×           | 1302<br>CAC ACT A     | E             | 1356<br>GCA GAC C | Ω      | 1410<br>GGT GGT     | Ö             |
| CTT                 | 1            | TTG                   | ы.          | CAC                   | Ħ             | GCA               | K      | GGT                 | O ·           |
| ATT                 | Н            | CTC                   | J           | GAG                   | ы             | 3GT               | Ö      | J.                  | L             |
| 1185<br>GGG         | D G          | 1239<br>CCC ACG       | H           | 1293<br>CCA AAT       | z             | 1347<br>ACC GGA ( | Ö      | 1401<br>C AAA TCA C | S             |
| GAT                 | D            | 222                   | Д           | CCA                   | <b>A</b>      | ACC               | E      | AAA                 | ×             |
| GTT                 | >            | TTG                   | IJ.         | ACG                   | F             | ATC               | н      | GT                  | >             |
| 1176<br>ACA         | i E          | 1230<br>TCG           | S           |                       |               | 1338<br>AAT ATC   | Z      | 1392<br>ATC         |               |
| AGC                 | i s          | CCT 1                 | ሷ           | GAT                   | Ω.            | CTC               | ī      | 1<br>GAT            | Ω             |
| ည္သ                 |              | GCT                   | 4           | )<br>)<br>)           | A.            | GAG               |        | TTT                 | <br>  [r.<br> |
| 1167<br>T GGG       | ן ט          | 1221<br>GAG           | េ           | 1275<br>GC AAT GAC GC | Ω             | 1329<br>GTT ATC   | H<br>I | 1383<br>CAT GTG     | >             |
| 1167<br>GCA ATT GGG | Н            | TAC                   | <b>&gt;</b> | AAT                   | Z             | GTT               | >      | CAT                 | H             |
| SCA                 | 4            | AAG                   | ×           | AGC                   | တ             | AAA               | ×      | ၁၅၅                 | 9             |
|                     |              |                       |             |                       |               | 18/2              | 1 -    | •                   |               |

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| •                          |                        |                      |                     |                 |       |
|----------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|-----------------|-------|
| 1482<br>CTC CGA TTC        | 1536<br>TTG            | 1590<br>CAG GGT<br>  | 1644<br>GCG         |                 |       |
| CGA                        | CAC                    | CAG                  | TAC                 |                 |       |
| CIC                        | TGG                    | CGC R                | AAG<br>             | •               |       |
| 1473<br>GTA                | 1527<br>GAC<br>        | 1581<br>ATT          | 1635<br>CCC<br>     |                 |       |
| GTG                        | ATT                    | CAG                  | 16C                 |                 |       |
| GGT                        | CAC                    | AGC                  | CIC                 |                 |       |
| 1464<br>ACC                | 1518<br>TGC            | 1572<br>CCC          | 1626<br>CAG         |                 |       |
| 300<br><br>G               | 1518<br>CAC TGC<br>    | 1572<br>GCC CCC<br>  | 1626<br>AAC CAG<br> |                 |       |
| 0<br>9<br>9<br>9           | GTT                    | GAG                  | TGG                 |                 | 7     |
| 1455<br>CGT GTC<br><br>R V | 1509<br>TGG TTT<br>    | 1563<br>GCC<br>      | 1617<br>GCC         |                 | ר טוב |
| CGT                        | TGG                    | TYTI<br>TYTI<br>TYTI | AAT                 | H 1             | L     |
| GTT                        | CCA                    | GTC                  | AAC                 | CAG             | •     |
| 1446<br>GTA                | 1500<br>GGC<br>G       | 1554<br>CTT<br>      | <br>CCC<br>DDD      | 1662<br>TTG     |       |
| GAC                        | CCA                    | GCA                  | CAG                 | GAT<br><br>D    |       |
| AGG                        | AAC                    | CIC                  | GTC                 | CCC             |       |
| 1437<br>CCA CGC<br><br>P R | 1491<br>ACC GAT<br>T D | 1545<br>GGG          | 1599<br>TCG<br>     | 1653<br>CCT<br> |       |
| C S I A                    | ACC                    | GCT                  | CAG                 | CITT            |       |
| CCG                        | AAG                    | GAG<br>E             | GTC                 | GCT             |       |
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C12N15/80 C09B69/10 D21C5/00 A61K7/06 //(C12N1/19,C12R1:66)

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

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Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 6 C12N D21C A61K

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

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Date of mailing of the international search report

"&" document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

24 January 1995

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Name and mailing address of the ISA

European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentiaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Fax (+31-70) 340-3016 Authorized officer

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